Library of Congress

Guaranteed Bona-Fide, Every-Day Circulation Larger Than That Of Any Other Daily Newspaper Published in Wilmington.

OLDEST DAILY NEWSPAPER IN THE STATE.

THE MORNING STAR.

VOL. LXIX.—NO. 144. WILMINGTON, N. C., WEDNESDAY, MARCH 12, 1902. WHOLE NO. 10780

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.
One Year, by Mail, $5.00
Six Months, " 2.50
Three Months, " 1.25
Two Months, " 1.00
Delivered to Subscribers in the City at 45 Cents per Month.

The Morning Star.

OUTLINES.

Col. Jno. F. Gaynor and D. B. Greene, charged with complicity in the Savannah frauds, are in Canada; U. S. officials will take steps to secure the arrest and extradition of the men. —— Chinese government protests against the re-enactment of the Chinese exclusion law by the United States. —— General rains are reported in Texas. —— The House yesterday began consideration of the Postoffice Appropriation bill —— Prince Henry of Prussia sailed for Germany yesterday on the steamer Deutschland. —— Boer delegates in a talk with President Roosevelt declared that they did not seek intervention in South Africa, but wanted civilized warfare insured. —— An outbreak of strikers in the West Virginia coal fields is feared. —— President yesterday sent his first veto message to Congress. —— Grand jury at Elizabeth City, N. C., found a true bill against James Wilcox for the murder of Nellie Cropsey; trial will begin to-morrow. —— Cars were run in Norfolk yesterday without a military guard; the city is quiet. —— Fifty buildings damaged by storm in Omaha, Neb.; no one seriously hurt. —— Sixteen thousand men are idle in Boston on account of the great strike. —— In an accident on the Southern Railway near Manassas, Virginia, a fireman was killed and an engineer seriously injured. —— New York markets: Money on call quoted 3@3½ per cent.; cotton dull at 9½c.; flour was quoted quiet but steadily held at former prices; wheat—spot easier, No. 2 red 86½; corn—spot steady, No. 2 69½c; oats—spot firmer, No. 2, 53c; rosin firm; spirits turpentine firm.

WEATHER REPORT.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N. C., March 11.

Temperatures: 8 A. M., 52 degrees; 8 P. M., 54 degrees; maximum, 66 degrees; minimum, 47 degrees; mean, 56 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .00; rainfall since 1st of the month to date, .74 inch.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

WASHINGTON, March 11.—For North Carolina: Increasing cloudiness Wednesday with rain in west portion; Thursday, rain with colder in the interior; fresh to brisk southeast winds.

Port Almanac—March 12

Sun Rises	6.16 A. M.
Sun Sets	6.05 P. M.
Day's Length	11 H. 49 M.
High Water at Southport	9.49 P. M.
High Water Wilmington	12.19 P. M.

We'd like to know what Prince Henry thinks of Boston beans.

Papa Roosevelt is going comp by letting Alice go on a picnic to Cuba.

For a dead subject the Boer corpse is showing a remarkable amount of animated vitality these days, and Kitchener, as usual, "regrets to report" it.

A Missouri man who jumped from a railroad train bowling along at a 50 mile an hour gait to escape matrimony succeeded. He landed on his head and broke his neck.

An Indiana woman has sued an Indiana man for $15,000 for grabbing three kisses from her, without her permission. A pretty steep price for Indiana kisses when the fellow took them in a job lot too.

Andrew Carnegie said in an address recently that after a man had accumulated enough for a competency all there was in the making of millions was the satisfaction of being able to help others. That's our experience.

The Municipal theatre of Metz celebrated its 150th anniversary a few days ago. The fellow in quest of germs could probably find some venerable specimens in that structure, and the genuine Germ-an kind, too.

Editor Whitelaw Reid, who is one of the Representatives of this Government at the coming coronation of King Edward, will pay $20,000 for the hire of a house for six weeks. When Whitelaw was a newspaper reporter he couldn't afford to do that. It comes right handy to have a rich father-in law in the family.

The indications are that Cecil Rhodes will not live to see the outcome of the war which he was so instrumental in bringing on in South Africa. It is said that when Dr. Jamison, whom he spurred on and equipped for the Jamison raid, made his raid Rhodes was worth $60,000,000, but that he is not worth more than $20,000,000 now.

The New York bankers favor the bill before Congress to make silver dollars exchangeable for gold. The alleged reason for this is to maintain the parity. All Congress would have to do to secure that would be to give silver the same legal standing that gold has, and then let the Government pay it out and otherwise treat it as gold.

LOCAL DOTS.

— There are now 86 convicts at Castle Haynes.

— A charming rooterina said to the horse editor yesterday: "I vow I will go crazy if we don't have baseball here this season."

— Mr. Gregory, who was shot Friday by the South Carolina negro, rested well yesterday and showed signs of much improvement. He was able to sit up for a short while.

— The W. C. T. U. will hold a mothers' meeting to-morrow afternoon at 4 o'clock in the pastor's study of the First Baptist church. All mothers are invited to be present.

— Capt. Edgar D. Williams called up by telephone last night to advertise for the electric light at corner of Sixth and Ann streets. He says it must be "'Lost, strayed or stolen,' for it hasn't burned any in two months."

— Wilmington people, who are contemplating a visit to the Charleston Exposition during North Carolina Week, will be interested in knowing that it is announced that President Roosevelt will be there about that time.

— The city was billed yesterday for the coming on next Monday, St. Patrick's Day, of Mr. Joseph Murphy, the distinguished Irish comedian in his celebrated play "Kerry Gow." Mr. Murphy is said to be the richest actor in America.

THE WILMINGTON MILITARY.

Naval Reserves and Infantry Having Twice-a-Week Drill—Composite Regiment.

Both the W. L. I. and Naval Reserves had enthusiastic and well attended drills last night in anticipation of the Charleston trip. The W. L. I. hopes to go with about sixty men in ranks and next Thursday night those who can attend are requested to register their names at the armory. The Naval Reserves will go aboard the cruiser *Hornet* with the N. C. Division and will also go in unbroken ranks.

The companies from the Second Regiment recommended by Col. Rodman to form a part of the composite regiment to act as the Governor's escort are Wilmington, Washington, Clinton and Edenton. The Second Regiment Band will not go, one of the two other regimental bands in the State Guard having been selected.

The W. L. I., at its regular meeting Monday night, transacted routine business and elected to membership Messrs. T. J. Gause and W. L. Walker, Jr.

The Municipal Court Yesterday.

Mayor Waddell had another pretty lengthy session of the police court yesterday. Arthur Brown, colored, for carrying brass knucks, was sent to the roads for 30 days and John Adams colored, for being drunk and down, got 20 days. J. Robert Cavatt, a young white boy, for committing a depredation upon the flower yard of Mr. John H. Hardin, Fifth and Dock streets, was ordered confined in the station house ten days, and Robert and Alonzo Brown, colored, were each fined $5 for disorderly conduct. Dave Green and Ed Bush, colored, who were found to have been with the "gamblers" Sunday afternoon, were each fined $10, and Calvin Hall, colored, for being drunk and disorderly, was fined $5.

To Succeed Sheriff Burns.

Mr. Ralph Jessup, of Fayetteville, has been chosen by the Cumberland County Commissioners to succeed the late Sheriff Geo. A. Burns, who died last week. Mr. Jessup has been for a number of years one of the county auditing committee and in that position displayed marked ability and faithfulness to duty. The commissioners have given it out that the person selected by them for sheriff would only be prosecuting and court officer, as it was their intention to give the coming tax books to the next Democratic nominee for sheriff.

Stereopticon Ablaze.

The alarm of fire at 9:30 o'clock last night was from box 51, Seventh and Nun streets. A colored "professor" was giving a "world renowned" moving picture exhibition to a "standing-room-only" house in Ruth Hall when the programme was abruptly cut short by his stereopticon taking fire. Pandemonium reigned supreme for a while but the flames were soon extinguished with the loss of a single lens, and the performance proceeded. The blaze was out by time the department reached the scene.

Entertainment Thursday Evening.

Mrs. Mitt Moore's circle of Grace M. E. church will give a musical entertainment at the residence of Mr. R. C. Merritt, 115 North Fifth street, Thursday evening. The musical feature of the evening will be in charge of Miss Mary Cole. Refreshments will be served during the evening. The proceeds will be devoted to the church improvement fund.

Sale of VanOrsdell Property.

By deed executed and filed for record yesterday Robert B. Lewis, administrator of the late Mrs. Ella E. VanOrsdell, transferred to John P. Quelch, the house and lot on the east side of Sixth between Dock and Orange streets, the lot being 45 feet on Dock street and running back into the block 66 feet. The consideration was $1,200.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

R. C. DeRosset—Fountain pens.
Atlantic National Bank—For rent.
J. W. Murchison & Co.—Farming operations.

MEMORIAL HOSPITAL.

Grounds Around the Magnificent Institution Will be Improved and Beautified.

MANAGERS MET YESTERDAY.

The New Building Now About Ready for Occupancy—Will be Heated by Gas—The Proceedings of the Board.

Now that all the furniture for the splendid James Walker Memorial Hospital has been put in place and the new building made practically ready for occupancy, the Board of Managers has turned its attention to the matter of beautifying the grounds about the institution.

The matter of improving the property received consideration at some length yesterday at the regular monthly meeting of the Board of Managers which was held at the hospital. The grounds were looked over by members of the Board and it was seen that Nature has made it possible for the conversion of the place into an ideal spot indeed. The front lawn will be nicely terraced and planted in grasses and flowers. Walks will be laid out and made as pretty as possible. The new fence has recently been completed and when the grounds shall have received the attention the Board wishes to give them, there will be nothing left for the public to desire.

The matter of improving the grounds was left at the meeting yesterday to a special committee consisting of Dr. Thos. R. Little, Dr. W. J. H. Bellamy and Mr. W. H. Sprunt.

Other business considered by the Board yesterday consisted principally of the approval of the usual bills for current expenses and an examination and approval of the report of Dr. Little, the superintendent.

The small house on the south side of the old hospital building being no longer needed, the Board decided to sell the same and have it removed from the premises.

The Murchison National Bank was designated as the depository for the hospital funds.

Dr. Little and the hospital corps have not yet moved into the new building and are still occupying the old one. All the furniture, apparatus, etc., is, however, in readiness in the new building and Dr. Little hopes to move this week. It only remains for the gas mains to be laid to the building and fixtures installed, and this work will be done just as early as possible. All the heating will be by gas, thereby ensuring neat, clean and comfortable service.

CITY BOUGHT BLOOD HOUNDS.

Two Were Ordered by Telegraph by Chief Furlong Yesterday Morning.

The City of Wilmington has acted upon the suggestion of the STAR and has purchased two thorough-bred blood hounds for trailing criminals. The Mayor, after a consultation with a number of the Aldermen yesterday, authorized Chief Furlong to purchase two trained hounds that were offered for $25 each by Dr. T. F. Meisenheimer, of Morven, N. C. Dr. Meisenheimer wrote Chief Furlong that the dogs offered were the same hounds that trailed and captured the negro rape fiend in Anson county some months ago and were thoroughly reliable. Chief Furlong ordered the pair by telegraph at once.

The county is also on the lookout for a pair of good hounds and will doubtless make a purchase this week.

The "London Wharf" Sale.

A deed evidencing the recent sale of the "London wharf" to Mr. D. L. Gore by John W. Fries, receiver of the North State Improvement Company, was filed for record yesterday. The property is described in the deed as beginning at the northwest intersection of Chesnut and North Water streets and running thence northwardly along the western line of North Water street about 163 feet to the line of a lot formerly belonging to E. P. Hall, thence westwardly with said last named line to the run of Cape Fear river; thence southwardly with the line of the wharf to the northern line of Chesnut street, and thence eastwardly with said line about 194 feet to the beginning. The consideration is $10,000.

A Special Wilmington Edition.

Messrs. Richard Battle and C. J. Rivenbark, of the Raleigh *News and Observer*, are here gathering data for a special edition of that paper to be circulated at the Charleston Exposition on Wilmington Day, April 11th. Messrs. Battle and Rivenbark interviewed the Mayor, several of the Aldermen and a number of business men yesterday and met with much encouragement in the commendable undertaking by North Carolina's great newspaper.

Right Hand Cut Off.

Harlee Grady, a negro youth employed by the Pittsburg Lumber Company, had his right hand cut off just below the wrist in a planer at the mill up the river yesterday morning about 8 o'clock. He was brought across the river to Hilton in a boat and sent to the hospital in the police patrol wagon.

Christian Science service at Masonic Temple, Room 10, this evening at 8 o'clock.

DEATH OF MRS. W. A. M'GUIRE

Aged Lady and Once Resident of Wilmington Passed Away Yesterday in Fayetteville—Funeral To-morrow.

Friends in the city will learn with sorrow this morning of the death of Mrs. William Ann McGuire, which occurred at her home at the residence of the late Sheriff Geo. A. Burns, of Fayetteville, at 12:45 o'clock yesterday afternoon. The remains, accompanied by Mr. J. K. Milligan, of Syracuse, N. Y., a warm friend of the deceased lady, arrived in Wilmington last night over the A. & Y. railroad and were taken to the residence of Mr. W. P. Price, No. 317 South Fifth street from whence the funeral will start, thence to St. Thomas' Catholic church, to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock. The interment will be in Oakdale cemetery after requiem high mass for the repose of the soul of the dead is celebrated in St. Thomas' by Rt. Rev. Bishop Leo Haid, of Belmont, assisted by Father C. Dennen, of Wilmington; Father Marion, of Fayetteville, and Father Price, of Raleigh.

Mrs. McGuire was born in Charleston, S. C., September 20, 1819, and was, therefore, in the 83rd year of her age. She was relict of the late John McGuire, of Fayetteville, who died many years ago in that city. Mrs. McGuire removed with her family to Wilmington before the war and lived for several years alternately in this city and in Fayetteville. She then moved with her family to Maryland but returned in the seventies to Wilmington, where she resided until she removed to Fayetteville permanently about 10 years ago.

Mrs. McGuire was wealthy in her early and middle life and was noted far and wide for her great charity and deeds of kindness to humankind. Thousands of dollars were contributed by her to deserving objects and many now living can testify to her generosity. She was a devoted church-woman and lived a life of good works. She had two sons but both have passed away. One of them was Prof. John McGuire, of Villa Nova College, in Pennsylvania, and the other was Mr. Hugh McGuire, who died some years ago in Fayetteville. Both of them were buried here.

SIR WALTER RALEIGH.

Interesting Historical Address by Noted Chicago Clergyman—Beautiful Introduction by Dr. Blackwell.

Those who attended Dr. Fox's lecture at the Y. M. C. A. last evening enjoyed a rare historical treat. His subject, "A Neglected Cavalier," had in it that measure of local interest, which, combined with the singularly refreshing and original style of the speaker to afford an evening of instruction and entertainment, seldom obtained. He has a broad range of literary knowledge, is well acquainted with ancient and modern productions, has a rare appreciation of the beauties of nature, and a power for vivid and realistic word picturing that is wonderful.

In introducing the distinguished speaker, Dr. Calvin S. Blackwell, the eloquent pastor of the First Baptist church, said:

"Ladies and Gentlemen: However other communities and States may neglect the name and fame of the most chivalrous cavalier of the Elizabethinian age, North Carolina will not let the world forget that Lord Raleigh was the knightliest of them all. Every wave of the Atlantic that beats upon the shores of our Roanoke island sings unceasingly for us the sad requiem of 'Raleigh's Lost Colony.' There, in our sands and beneath our pines, lie buried his brightest dreams. But yonder the noble brow of our State capital is cinctured with his imperishable name.

"The ventures of Lord Raleigh gave to our State the proud distinction of having born upon her soil Virginia Dare, the first white child to open its eyes to the light of the new world.

"We have assembled to-night to gladly greet the distinguished gentleman from another State, who comes 'to rescue from partial oblivion and to render a just tribute of renown' to our own patron saint. We wait impatiently to hear the thrilling story of our world—'Neglected Cavalier,' retold by Dr. D. F. Fox, of Chicago."

PITIABLE CASE OF WHITE WOMAN.

Mrs. Lizzie Phillips, Demented, Imagines Other Children Are Her Own.

Mrs Lizzie Phillips or Newsom, a white woman a little past middle age who until recently was employed as a domestic at one of the Summer residences on the sound, was taken into keeping of the police yesterday on account of her insanity. She came to Wilmington from Goldsboro about a year ago and until very recently was in possession of all her mental faculties. She wandered from the sound to Mr. Geo. Branch's home at Thirteenth and Market streets and there her condition was realized and she was well cared for pending her transfer to the State Hospital, at Raleigh, Col. Jno. D. Taylor having a few days ago made an examination of her case and recommended her admission into the asylum.

She was doing very well until yesterday morning, when she became more violent and her crazy imagining led her to believe that some girls next door were her daughters and needed chastising. She insisted on administering the punishment and the police had to be called to make her desist. She is held at the police station.

— Mr. Repiton Scott, of Atlanta, is in the city on a visit to his parents, Mr. and Mrs. B. H. Scott.

WILMINGTON TO BAT

Enthusiastic Meeting of Baseball Cranks at the Elks' Temple Last Night.

STATE LEAGUE GATHERING.

Edgar J. Bear Will Represent This City at Raleigh To-night—Makes an Offer to Control and Assume Responsibility of Local Team.

The attendance upon the baseball meeting in the Elks' Temple last night was not large; in fact, there were not more than twenty-five persons present, but the contingent that was there was strongly representative of the class of enthusiasts in the city who generally pay something in cold cash toward the sport.

As Col. Walker Taylor, who was present, substantially expressed it, the attendance would have been much larger had not the impression gone abroad that Mr. Rivers' $300 proposition had settled the matter and that a good article of baseball would be dished up practically gratis by a Lowell, Mass., man, from whom, however, nothing had been heard by anyone in the gathering. A different "modus operandi" was thereupon evolved out of the minds of the cranks present, and Mr. Edgar J. Bear was found to be the man of the hour.

The meeting effected an organization by the election as chairman of Maj. W. H. Bernard, late "V. P." of the State League and "Hoss Editor" of the STAR, and the choosing of Mr. George Harold as secretary.

A letter was read from President Busbee, of this year's State League, calling the State meeting in Raleigh to-night and outlining the plan of final organization. It is stated that each club will be allowed two representatives who will be entitled to two votes in the meeting, and representatives finding it impossible to attend may send written proxies. It is also stated that each club must be prepared to deposit $35 as admission fee, $10 of which is paid for protection under the National Agreement and the remainder goes to the expense fund.

The question of entering the league was gone into at length but no one present was authorized to speak for the Massachusetts man or Manager Rivers. Mr. Edgar J. Bear, however, made a proposition to assume the responsibility of managing and maintaining a team throughout the season, provided $500 will be raised by popular subscription and the Street Railway Company will hold good its proposition to furnish an enclosed park and donate $300 to the fund, making a total of $700.

This proposition met with favor at the meeting and several expressed the opinion that the $500 could be raised easily.

There was next a general discussion of the outlook by Mr. Bear, Col. Taylor, Maj. C. H. White, Mr. George Harriss, Mr. Eugene Woodward, Mr. J. C. Blackley, William J. Bellamy, Esq., and others. Mr. Bear agreed to represent Wilmington at the meeting in Raleigh to-night, and a motion at length prevailed, appointing him to the position, and an amount sufficient to pay all expenses was pledged by a number of gentlemen present.

Mr. Bear was instructed to report at a more general outpouring of the local fanatics to be held Saturday night in the Elks' Temple. Every lover of the sport in the city is cordially invited to attend the meeting and if Mr. Bear's report is favorable, a plan will be set on foot at once to raise the $500 needed.

The meeting in Raleigh is to be held at 8 o'clock in the Capital Club and the purpose is to go into the details of the coming season, to make rules and regulations, to talk over the umpire problem and arrange the playing schedule.

The question of umpires will be one that will require serious attention. There are three to be named, and the success of the season depends largely upon the manner of men who interpret the rules and their control of the players. A Raleigh enthusiast suggests that power be placed in the hands of the State League president, or with a protest committee, to fine any umpire who fails to inflict the proper fines upon offending players.

It is expected that the season will begin about May 15th. The cities from which delegates are expected at the meeting are Charlotte, Durham, Greensboro, Wilmington, Newbern and Raleigh.

A Carpenter Injured.

Mr. F. S. Thomas, a carpenter in the Coast Line shops, fell from a box car about 11:30 A. M. yesterday and received painful injuries, which were dressed by Drs. Thomas and Steele, A. C. L. surgeons. He was afterwards sent to his home, No. 922 North Fourth street, where he is doing very well. Mr. Thomas was doing some work in the car and in attempting to step from the door to a scaffold he missed his footing and was violently precipitated.

Athletic Contest.

Charlotte *Observer*: "In a contest between a team of three men from Wilmington and a like number of this city yesterday the events were as follows: chin dip, potato race and high dive. The Charlotte boys won the contest by 26 points, showing up well in endurance and speed. Their Wilmington friends did fine work in the high dive. The teams were: Wilmington—Loughlin, Irwin and Dosher; Charlotte—E. Hinson, Roediger and T. George."

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

— Mr. E. D. Pfhol, of Salem, is at The Orton.

— Mr. L. B. Johnson, of Charlotte, is at The Orton.

— Mr. W. J. Lowenstein, of Statesville, is at The Orton.

— Mr. R. Y. McPherson, of Raleigh, arrived yesterday.

— The condition of Mr. Jno. L. Barnes was unchanged yesterday.

— Miss Sadie Shrier has returned to her home in New York after a visit to Miss Bertha Goodman.

— Messrs. E. W. Fetzer, C. Furber Jones and J. W. Usher, of Charlotte, were guests at The Orton yesterday.

— Many friends will hear with much regret that Mr. A. A. Willard is very ill at his country home on Greenville Sound.

—Mr. Fred Furpless, of "Sprunt's army of cotton buyers," is at home for a few days from Dunn, N. C., where he spent the past season.

— Mr. A. J. Barbour, of Wilmington, who has been employed by the Atlantic Coast Lumber Co., at Georgetown, S. C., has returned to the city and taken a place with the Cape Fear Lumber Co.

— Capt. A. C. Strout has arrived and will relieve his brother, Capt. W. H. Strout, as master of the schooner *Wm. F. Campbell*, now loading at Chadbourn's mill. The latter Capt. Strout will retire from sea life and will leave Saturday for California to recuperate.

A SAFE WAS LOOTED.

Ham & Company, Money Lenders, Lost $126—Two Clerks Disappeared.

Kinsey Knowland, of Pant, N. C., and Homer Duncan, of Norcross, Ga., are the names of two young men charged by Ham & Co., money lenders, with having looted their safe upstairs over Gerken's cigar emporium, and skipped out Sunday night with $126 in cash.

The first named, aged about 22 years, has been with the firm one year, and the latter, a boy of about 18, has been in the office since last December. Up to the time of the disappearance of the money they were believed to have been perfectly honest. Mr. Merritt, the manager, said yesterday that he had received no information as to the whereabouts of the young men.

The two clerks didn't report for duty Monday, and it was learned during the day that parties bearing their description bought tickets to Richmond Sunday night. Suspicion rested upon them immediately as Mr. Merritt was certain he locked the safe Saturday night and it was open Monday morning. One of the young men knew the combination.

Front Street Runaway.

There was an exciting runaway on Front street yesterday afternoon. Two women who reside on Fourth street were driving in a buggy, the horse attached to which became frightened and made a mad dash down the street. In front of Mercer's furniture store, near the Wilmington Iron Works, the occupants of the buggy were thrown to the ground but were not seriously injured. The buggy was broken up to some extent.

For LaGrippe and Influenza use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.
For sale by H. Folin's Pharmacy.

TRIBUTE OF RESPECT.

At a special meeting of the Board of Directors of the Young Men's Christian Association of this city, held on the evening of the 6th inst., the following resolution was adopted in reference to the recent death of the Rev. Paul C. Morton:

WHEREAS, God in His wisdom has seen fit to take from our midst our friend and helper, the Rev. P. C. Morton, and,

Whereas, The Young Men's Christian Association has lost, by his death, a strong friend and earnest worker; Therefore, be it

Resolved, That we, the directors and members of the Young Men's Christian Association of Wilmington, N. C., make this public expression of the loss we have sustained by his death, and that we extend to his bereaved family our hearty sympathy in this hour of their affliction. That the above resolution be published in the daily papers of the city and a copy be sent to the family of the deceased.

J. O. CARR,
W. L. LATTA,
JNO. FRANK,
J. F. RUSSELL.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR RENT.

The spacious quarters on Princess street formerly occupied by the Atlantic National Bank. Equipped with all the modern conveniences of water, gas and electricity. These quarters offer excellent opportunities for the conducting of any class of business.
For terms apply to the
jan 18 tf ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK.

THE FLOODS HAVE DELAYED.

The receipt of our Goods, but we have some attractive bargains in Suits, Sideboards, Chairs and Couches. We offer for one week a nice Oak Rocker, usually sold in this market for $1.50, for $1.00. Get one before they are gone.

GASTON D. PHARES,
Furniture and House Furnishings.
Inter-State 'Phone 76. 119-113 Market street.
mch 9 tf

FANCY TOMATOES.

We offer 290 dozen
Myers' 2-Lb. Tomatoes,
$1 Dozen Cash.
Two dozen to case.
W. B. COOPER,
Progressive Wholesale Grocer,
mar 6 tf Wilmington, N. C.

Rehder's Rehder's

Grand Easter Opening.

Surpassing all previous occasions.

Thursday and Friday, March 13th and 14th.

Magnificent display of Millinery, Dress Goods, etc.
Elaborate decorations. Select music.

J. H. REHDER & CO.,
615, 617 and 619 North Fourth Street.
mar 9 tf

J. W. NORWOOD, Pres. JOHN S. ARMSTRONG, Vice Pres.
Condensed report of condition

Atlantic National Bank,
Wilmington, N. C., February 25, 1902.

Assets.		Liabilities.	
Loans	$1,000,791 42	Capital	$ 125,000 00
U. S. Bonds	268,900 00	Surplus, etc	121.950 66
Real Estate	33,000 00	Circulation	95,100 00
Cash on hand and in Banks	453,428 50	Deposits	1,414,069 26
	$1,756,119 92		$1,756,119 92

Extra dividend of 50 per cent. paid January 15, 1902.
ANDREW MORELAND, Cashier. J. W. YATES, Ass't Cashier
mar 9 tf

Five Reasons Why

The People's Savings Bank is popular with money savers:
First—It is a safe bank.
Second—It is a bank for all the people, rich and poor, men, women and children.
Third—It is courteous to depositors and aims to accommodate them.
Fourth—It allows 4 per cent. interest on money entrusted to its care.
Fifth—It invites new accounts from all who wish to save or invest money.
Deposits made on or before April 1st, will bear interest from that date, compounded in three months.

The People's Savings Bank,
Opposite the Postoffice.
H. C. McQUEEN, President. JNO. S. ARMSTRONG, Vice President.
mar 7 tf F. W. DICK, Cashier.

Farming Operations

Will soon be in full swing, and we call attention to our immense stock of

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

Which we are selling at prices that must attract the attention of buyers.
When it comes to our great stock of
Hardware, Tinware, Cutlery, Guns, Ammunition, &c.,
we have not space to go into details: but you are invited to call and make personal examination.

J. W. Murchison & Co.,
ORTON BUILDING.
mar 12 tf

Fruit, Fruit.

Just Received a Lot of Nice
Florida Oranges,
Grapes, Apples and Cocoanuts.
A fresh line of Candy, 10 and 15c pound.
Call and give me your order.
J. W. PLUMMER, Jr.,
304 Princess Street.
Bell 'Phone 556. Inter-State 122.
feb 22 tf

LOOK AT THIS.

Fresh Load of Horses and Mules
Just arrived, among them several Kentucky saddle and general business Horses. I also carry a full stock of
BUGGIES, HARNESS, ETC.,
For sale and have lately added to my business a light Livery, new Buggies and stylish Horses. Call and see me.
F. T. MILLS.
ja 26 tf

250 Barrels New RiMullet Bbls.
200 Bags Coffee.
300 Bags Rice.
1,900 Boxes Tobacco, all grades
10,000 Cubanola Cigars.
10,000 Lillian Russell Cigars.
Prices quoted on application.
SAM'L BEAR, Sr.,
Wholesale Grocer,
Wilmington, N. C.,
feb 25 tf 18 Market street.

At The Unlucky Corner

5 Lbs. Granulated Sugar,
1 Lb. Best Parched or Ground Laguyra Coffee,
BOTH FOR 44 CTS.
Is this up to you?
Dried Fish Roe 25 cents dozen.
S. W. SANDERS.
Watch the advertisement change.
mar 6 tf

Received Saturday
Ready for Delivery
HAY,
HAY,
CORN,
CORN,
OATS,
OATS,
MEAL,
MEAL.
VOLLERS & HASHAGEN,
General Provision Dealers.
mar 9 tf

ICE CREAM To-day!

E. WARREN & SON.
mar 11 tf

FOUNTAIN PENS!

I have a full line of
Waterman's Ideal Fountain PENS,
and can give you any style of point. All Pens fully guaranteed and sold at Manufacturers' prices, from $2.50 up.
ROBERT C. DeROSSET,
107 Market St.
Bell 'Phone 26. feb 2 tf

Attractive and Artistic Furniture

Is admired by every one more than anything else in the home, and for this reason, and also because I can save you money, I invite you to call and examine my goods before making your Spring and Summer purchases.
N. F. PARKER,
Furniture and Furniture Novelties.
Bell 'Phone 613 111 Market street.
mch 9 tf Inter-State 421.

SPRING OPENING.

Spring is not here but our goods are. Now is your opportunity to select your Suit for the Spring. My prices are so low that credit's got no show. No rust, no trust, no bust.
F. H. KRAHNKE,
113 Princess Street,
feb 25 tf Smith Building.

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD

WILMINGTON, N. C.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, MARCH 12.

A KANSAS EDITOR'S VIEWS.

The Atchison, Kansas, *Globe* is a Republican paper but it isn't an expansionist after the Republican fashion, nor in accord in what it calls the Philippine foolishness, on which it comments as follows:

"There is not the slightest doubt that the American people are making fools of themselves in the Philippines. They have already spent $400,000,000 in the Philippine Islands, with practically no returns. It is certain that we will be compelled to spend fifty or sixty million dollars annually in the islands for a long time to come.

The Filipinos do not want the class of goods we manufacture, and no system can be devised whereby we will ever make a profit on the islands. It will always be outgo and no return. Our exports to the Philippinee lately show a large increase (principally in beer), because our own people demand American goods, but our investment in the Philippine was without excuse. No man of sense can doubt that we have been swindled.

"Still, a man who displays common sense and fairness in discussing the question is called a fool and scoundrel by the 'patriots' who are making money off the government's foolish policy. Senator Hoar, one of the best men America ever produced, has always opposed the government's ridiculous policy in the Philppines, and is regularly accused of being the murderer of American soldiers in the islands. There could not be a more ridiculous, untruthful, and unfair statement than to accuse a kind old man like Hoar of murdering soldiers 5,000 miles away, but it goes with the 'patriots' who have obtained positions as a result of the war in the Philippines. And it goes with thousands of people who think with their ears.

"Gen. Fred Funston, one of the heroes produced by the ridiculous, expensive, and unnecessary war in the Philippines, was interviewed in New York yesterday, and stated that there is no more war in the Philippines than there is in Kentucky.

"A foolish statement, of course, but there are thousands of silly people to believe it.

"Fifty thousand soldiers in the Philippines, and yet Funston says there is no more war there than there is in Kentucky! Yesterday, there was a fight almost within sight of Manila, and eleven American soldiers are missing. Still, Funston makes a foolish statement like that quoted, and foolish people regard him as a great statesman.

"The people are doing themselves and their country an injustice in encouraging this foolishness. Some people ridicule and abuse every man who has common sense, and make a hero of every distinguished hypocrite.

"They cannot afford such a policy; the country cannot afford it; such a policy leads to endless extravagance and nonsense."

The Western Republican papers with but few exceptions endorse the Philippine policy not because they believe it the right policy but because it is the policy of their party and as partisans they support it. If the conditions were reversed and it was a Democratic instead of a Republican administration which inaugurated and pursued that policy, ninety-nine out of a hundred of them would oppose it more vigorously than they now support the present policy. The editor of the *Globe* is not in accord with his party, but he is in accord with truth and with common sense.

A few days ago Representative Payne, of New York, chairman of the Committee on Ways and Means, who is in favor of tariff concessions to Cuba, gave as one of the reasons for granting concessions that it would prevent for the present an agitation for annexation to this country, which would be sure to come if something is not done in the way of tariff concessions. He is not in favor of annexation because, in his opinion, annexation would not be a wise thing now nor will it be until Cuba becomes more Americanized by a large influx of Americans.

There is some truth in this view of annexation, although that now seems to be the fiat of fate, the manifest destiny of Cuba, which must ultimately and at no distant period become a part of this country. But why doesn't Mr. Payne think it would be wise for this country to become politically associated with Cuba? Simply because Cuba has a mixed population, association with whom would be uncongenial and unprofitable. And yet there would be more profit in such association with Cuba than the ownership of all the Philippines would ever bring us. It is not proposed to admit the Philippines as territories with statehood possibilities. There is vague talk about representative government when the natives have progressed far enough for that, but that talk is simply to placate the Filipinos and the people in this country who are opposed to the Republican policy of expansion and to the establishment of the un-American colonial system. The fact is that we are there, notwithstanding all the benevolent assimilation talk, for the profit there may be in it. We haven't got them down to a profit yielding basis yet, and the prospects of doing that very soon are not flattering.

President Roosevelt is quoted as having said a few days ago that he hopes to succeed in solving the Filipino problem by 1904, from which it would seem that he does not look upon it as a problem of very easy solution. Assuming that he succeeds as he hopes he will by that time we will have expended at least $500,000,000. But even after the problem is solved and so-called civil governments established it will be necessary to keep a strong force of soldiers in the islands, for that is the only way the American flag can be kept flying over the islands.

But supposing that the expenses will end at $500,000,000, how are the American people ever going to get that money back? Those of them who have endorsed "benevolent assimilation" as a work of benevolence and a duty assumed by this enlightened, "Christian" nation may not care whether we ever get back those $500,000,000; that is a small matter compared with "civilizing" and "Christianizing" those "semi-savages." But there are a good many people who believe in holding on to the Philippines not from any sentimental motives, but for the dollars there may be in it. Where will the dollars be for them? If Cuba, which is within a few hours of our nearest port and but a short sail from our Gulf ports, is not considered a good investment to take as a free offering, how will it be with those distant islands, which must always be kept on the peace line by a display of force? There are six times as many people there as in Cuba, split up into sixty-five tribes, all differing; agreeing and having but one thing in common, which is dislike of if not absolute aversion to the American.

The great bulk of the people are poor, and have never had the opportunity to be anything else. In their, to them, genial climate they require little food that they cannot procure at home, and but little clothing, simply enough to cover the body and protect it, (to quote an adopted citizen of Greensboro) "from the sun and the flies." A very common and very cheap stuff will do that and that's about all the clothing stuff the masses of the people, male and female need or care for. Their imported food supplies would be about on the same order, and when summed up trade with them would be about as profitable as trade with the Indians on our frontiers would be.

Even with all the prospective or possible trade we will never get back enough to pay the interest on the $400,000,000 already sunk in what the Kansas editor calls that "foolish policy," which would be nearer the truth if called "criminal policy."

THE LUMBER INDUSTRY.

The lumber industry of this country is a great one and is making an immense drain on our forest resources, the effects of which have become already visible in some sections and ere many years will become visible in others. According to the census report of 1900, there were then in the country 33,035 saw-mills, planing mills (operated in connection with saw-mills) and timber camps, with an aggregate invested capital of $611,611,524, with 43,323 proprietors and firm members. They employed 12,530 salaried officials, clerks, &c., whose salaries aggregated $11,260,608, and 283,620 workmen, whose wages aggregated $104,620,591. Their miscellaneous expenses amounted to $17,731,519, while they paid for materials used $217,923,548. The value of the products was $586,832,984; $422,812,061 for saw-mills; $107,622,519 for planing mills, and $36,398,404 for timber camps. Michigan leads with an invested capital of $67,379,698, Minnesota coming next with an invested capital of $52,095,923, and Pennsylvania third with $47,832,548. The industry is distributed in the Southern States as follows:

Alabama	$13,020,183	$12,867,551
Arkansas	21,727,710	23,959,988
Florida	14,937,693	10,848,403
Georgia	11,802,716	13,704,923
Kentucky	9,805,404	13,771,911
Louisiana	20,093,044	17,408,513
Mississippi	17,337,538	15,656,110
North Carolina	13,385,097	14,862,593
South Carolina	5,187,727	5,207,184
Tennessee	12,900,595	18,127,784
Texas	19,161,265	16,296,473
Virginia	9,299,046	12,137,177

There has been a considerable increase in the North in the demand for Southern lumber for building and finishing purposes, where it is used to take the place of the pines of the North, which are becoming scarce. But the profit is small after freight costs are paid on lumber in the rough. The profit is in putting it into finished forms, which is true of all convertible crude materials.

If the lumber that is shipped from the South were converted into carriages, buggies, wagons, agricultural machinery and implements, buckets, tubs, furniture, &c., it would bring into the South a hundred dollars to the one it does now.

The statement of the Greensboro Fire Insurance Companies, printed on the third page of the STAR today, will be read with interest. They announce that they will disregard the recent order of the South-eastern Tariff Association to advance rates 25 per cent. on certain classes of property because it is their "deliberate conviction that this advance in rates in North Carolina is unwarranted, unwise and unnecessary." The Greensboro companies make a strong argument to sustain their position.

The executors of the estate of the late C. M. Magee, of Pittsburg, have refused to pay the $190,000 bill of Dr. Browning, of Philadelphia. They consider the bill somewhat out of proportion to the service rendered. It was scaled apparently on the size of the estate, which amounts to about $3,000,000. The Dr. is going to sue for it.

ANOTHER SWOOP.

Gen. Kitchener again "regrets to report" another disaster to his troops, the second time since he started out to celebrate the anniversary of Majuba Hill by rounding up the Boers and "bagging" another lot of game. That time the Boers were too cute for him and did the bagging, and this time they were too cute again and made a bigger bag than they did on the former occasion.

Gen. Delarey seems to have been managing the business for the Boers in this melee, while Gen. DeWet was probably doing some prospecting and scouting in another quarter on his own account.

Gen. Kitchener reports that this attack was made on Gen. Methuen early in the morning, to check the pursuit of the Britishers who were on DeWet's trail. That is his opinion. If so it seems to have been eminently successful, and shows that there is a pretty good understanding between the Boer commanders, and that they understand their business pretty well. The fact is that with their comparatively small numbers they outgeneral Kitchener and his subordinates every time, and when there is a clash invariably get away with a substantial victory, although these victories are frequently reported as British victories, as the Majuba anniversary fight was first reported, the full returns from which, by the way, have not yet been made public.

The announcement of this Boer swoop fell upon England, and the stock jobbers in London like a thunder clap from a clear sky, and of course there was a big howl raised.

Probably the average Briton can't get it through his hair how it is that with over two hundred thousand men in South Africa, hundreds of miles of block houses, hitched together with hundreds of miles of barbed wire fencing, these Boers, who have been so often reported worn out to a frazzle, with their guns and ammunition captured, pounce down upon detachments of the British army, put them to route and kill and capture them by the hundreds, as they did in the fight on the 7th inst. There are a good many people outside of England, too, who can't understand it and Gen. Kitchener is probably among the number. The fact is the Boers with their plucky and marvellous fighting and tenacity are a puzzle to everybody but themselves.

BOOK NOTICE.

G. P. Putnam's Sons, publishers, New York, have just issued from their presses a very interesting volume, "The Life of John Ancrum Winslow," Rear Admiral, United States Navy, by John M. Ellicott, Lieut. U. S. N. It contains a great deal of heretofore unpublished matter, especially about the fight between the Kearsarge and the Alabama, furnished by the family of the Admiral. What may, perhaps, give this book additional interest to readers in this section is the fact that Admiral Winslow was born in Wilmington and spent his boyhood here, before going to New England to school. The letters and reports of Admiral Winslow tell briefly from his side the story of that fight, which was a challenge to battle by the captain of the Confederate cruiser, accepted by the captain of the U. S. cruiser, both Southern born men. The book is printed in large readable type, on fine paper, and is handsomely bound in cloth.

The latest Republican trick to procrastinate and dodge action on the Cuban tariff question is a proposition to appoint a committee of Congressmen to visit Cuba, study the situation and report. That is the thinnest kind of a dodge.

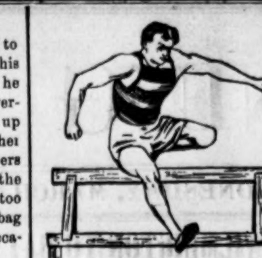
CURRENT COMMENT.

—— The seventy seven finished vessels in our "new" navy cost $99,803,000. These were added to the establishment since March 3, 1883. There are nine more big ones and several smaller, the completion of which will make the total about $130,000,000.—*Chattanooga Times, Ind.*

—— If the Washington woman are quiet sure that the poor people of the district are properly cared for and have good roofs over their heads, they are excusable in organizing to build a home for friendless cats. Otherwise, they are expending energy and charity in the wrong direction.—*Mobile Register, Dem.*

—— The proposed addition to the transatlantic ferry of two Cunarders of twenty-five knots speed, equipped with engines of 48,000 horse-power, indicates in some degree the value in this service of the element of time. The faster the ship the greater the volume of passenger traffic they attract, and the more important the prestige they acquire in a field of keen and continuous competition. The four-day boat with 60,000 horse-power engines is by no means an idle dream of ocean transporation.—*Philadelphia Record, Dem.*

—— Mr. Broderick says England has been compelled by the exigencies of the service to replace soldiers in the War Office with civilians. Which being interpreted means that the English training fails to qualify men for the most important duties of their profession—a charge which was indignantly denied when made by a German critic five years ago. "An army marches on its stomach," said Napoleon, and the fighters cannot keep the field unless the commissaries be right. But it was just here that civilians failed us during the Spanish war, and it would seem necessary to begin a pecial training for this particular department if all we hear is true.—*Jacksonville Times-Union, Dem.*



Training

Is indispensable to athletic success. In training, much stress is laid upon diet; careful attention to the quantity and quality of the food eaten, with regularity of meals. That is the secret of strength for every man. No man can be stronger than his stomach. The careless and irregular eating, of business men, causes disease of the stomach and its allied organs of digestion and nutrition. There can be no sound health until these diseases are cured.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery cures diseases of the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition, and enables the body to be built up into vigorous health by the assimilation of the nutrition extracted from food.

"I was taken with the grippe, which resulted in heart and stomach trouble," writes Mr. T. R. Caudill, of Montland, Alleghany Co., N. C. "I was unable to do anything a good part of the time. I wrote to Dr. Pierce about my condition, having full confidence in his medicine. He advised me to take his 'Golden Medical Discovery,' which I did. Before I had finished the second bottle I began to feel better. I have used nearly six bottles. I feel thankful to God for the benefit I have received from Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. I can highly recommend it to all persons as a good and safe medicine."

Dr. Pierce's Pellets cure constipation.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Statesville *Landmark*: Miss Catherine Fleming, who died last week at New Sterling, was scratched on the hand and arm by a cat about ten days before her death. Her arm was swollen to her body, and this was to some extent the cause of her death.

— Charlotte *News*: "Hon. Jas. R. Young, Insurance Commissioner of the State of North Carolina, is in the city to-day. Mr. Young is one of the most efficient officers in the State government. He has made the insurance department one of the most profitable in the State."

— Nashville *Graphic*: We regret to learn of the death of Mr. Paroh Walker, who died at his home near Dukes Tuesday morning. Mr. Walker has been in ill health for some time and his death was not unexpected to his many friends. —— Since the weather has been unfavorable for plowing, the farmers have been feeding the fertilizer trust. Much of their product is being taken to the farms and indications point to a decided increase over the amount used last year.

— Oxford *Ledger*: The report of the drowning of a colored man and three valuable mules belonging to Mr. Jesse Williford, of Berea, last Tuesday a week ago, proved true. There were two colored men in the wagon, but one saved himself by catching hold of a limb and held on until he was rescued. The drowned man was found a short distance from the stream against a tree with $111 in his pocket. In the last twenty years several people have been drowned in Shelton's Creek, and it has always been a wonder why the county commissioners have not long ago bridged this stream, which is the most dangerous in the county during the rainy season. It is said Mr. Williford's loss will amount to nearly $400, as his mules were considered extra good animals.

— Goldsboro *Argus*: The man whom the Chief of Police has had confined in the city guard-house for the past ten days has stole more than one horse and buggy. His home is in Onslow county, near the Pender line. He has been away from home for about a year and a half, and it is presumed that he has been practicing his profession as a horse thief in the several communities which he has visited. —— Deputy Sheriff H. A. Jarman, of Jacksonville, N. C., arrived in the city yesterday with a warrant for Eli W. Pearce, the real name of the criminal, who is wanted in Onslow county for giving mortgages on property which he did not own. —— Little Mamie Lassiter, 13 years old, who lives in the cotton factory settlement in the northern part of the city and who works at the Wayne Cotton Mill, was married, this morning to Hardy Matthews, who works at the same mill. The girl went to work Monday morning as usual and left the mill about 10 o'clock and went to the place of appointment in a nearby house and were married at once. The license was secured on Saturday by Matthews, who gave the girl's age as 20. The age of the groom is 26.

The "Motion" Was a Beggar.

Fulton one time went to see a perpetual motion machine, having a friend with him. After sitting and listening and looking intently for a few minutes Fulton's sensitively accurate ear and eye told him that the machinery showed the recurring alteration of comparative speed and slowness which always comes from a crank turned by hand.

In spite of the opposition of the enraged exhibitor, Fulton and his friend seized the machine, jerked away the table it stood on, found that a cord led through one leg and away under the floor, and following the track into the back yard they found the "motion," a venerable beggar seated on a stool munching away at a crust and grinding at a crank.

White Man Turned Yellow.

Great consternation was felt by the friends of M. A. Hogarty, of Lexington, Ky., when they saw he was turning yellow. His skin slowly changed color, also his eyes, and he suffered terribly. His malady was Yellow Jaundice. He was treated by the best doctors, but without benefit. Then he was advised to try Electric Bitters, the wonderful Stomach and Liver remedy, and he writes: "After taking two bottles I was wholly cured." A trial proves its matchless merit for all Stomach, Liver and Kidney troubles. Only 50c. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, Druggist. †

For Over Sixty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over sixty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, soften the gums, and allays all pain; cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind.

DR. PIERCE'S FAVORITE PRESCRIPTION FOR WEAK WOMEN.

TWINKLINGS.

— "Do you ever indulge in games of chance, professor?" "Oh, yes; I have been twice married."—*Boston Courier.*

— "Please, sir, I want a pound of your tough steak." "Why tough?" "Coz if I get it tender pa will eat it all up and I won't get any."—*Life.*

— "He must be a great composer." "What makes you think so?" "No one but a great one could get such stuff as this published."—*Indianapolis News.*

— The Teacher—Without mastering multiplication, we could not go any further in arithmetic. One of the Pupils—Gee! Wouldn't that be a cinch!—*Puck.*

— Congressman—I tell you, sir, the people demand free sugar of Congress. Se ator—Pshaw! The people should be satisfied with the taffy we give them.—*Chicago News.*

— "Why is influenza like a woman's club?" asked the cynic. "Because the eyes and noes appear to have it at the same time."—*Philadelphia Times*

— "That 'ere German Emperor must be fond o' poultry," said the Billville citizen. "What makes you think so?" "Well, he named that 'ere yacht he sent over here 'Old-Hen's-Hollerin.'"—*Atlanta Constitution.*

— "But," argued the politician with the pompadour, "isn't reciprocity the handmaid of protection?" "Handmaid? No, sir!" fiercely replied the politician from the beet sugar belt. "Your kind of reciprocity is machine-made."—*Chicago Tribune*

— New Clerk—You don't look like a man who smokes cigarettes. Employer—Why, I never smoked a cigarette in my life. "You have just said you were a victim of the cigarette habit." "I am. My clerks smoke them."—*Express Gazette.*

— Oldest Inhabitant—We don't have any such winters now as we had when we were boys. Next Oldest—No, but we have a whole lot more rheumatism, which makes 'em worse. —*Indianapolis News.*

— I understand, said Mr. Meekton, that I was alluded to at a meeting of the Feminine Emancipation League as one of the most docile and obedient of husbands. Yes. Well, I shall not pretend to be a self made man. I will frankly confess that I owe this prominence entirely to Henrietta.—*Life.*

— Cheap Sort of Bluff: Mrs. Subbubs—I see your husband goes out behind the stable to smoke. Don't you allow him to smoke in the house any more? Mrs. Baklots—"Oh, he can smoke anywhere he likes, but just now he's putting up a bluff that he has sworn off.—*Town Topics.*

PROPER FLOCK MATING.

Care and Skill Needed to Perpetuate Good Points In Sheep.

It may be distinctly stated without fear of contradiction that it requires even more high skilled endeavor to perpetuate the best features of a new breed than it took to found it, says the London Live Stock Journal. The Shropshire of Meire or Adney, the Hampshire of Humphries and the first rough cast outcomes of the Oxford and Suffolk breeds were very inferior to those found in showyards today. Each of the breeds named have undergone vast improvement even within the past ten years, and one and all possess leading flockmasters, with the Bakewellian faculty very fully developed. Indeed we may extend vision so as to include almost every British sheep breed existing and find the same strenuous en-

SHROPSHIRE EWE.

deavor to raise each individual kind still higher to an ideal standard of perfection, the chief agency employed by one and all alike being careful and judicious ram selection.

The faculty above referred to must be possessed very fully to enable any one to raise himself above his fellow breeders and maintain the supremacy of his flock for a lengthy series of years.

Professor Wrightson in his admirable work on sheep, which forms one of the series of live stock handbooks, writes: "In an ordinary flock rams may be turned in among 300 or 400 ewes, but in high bred flocks the ewes must be drawn into little lots or even be individually put to sheep likely to suit them. Practically small parties of ewes, each accommodated with a ram, will be found sufficiently minute as a system." The ordinary flock owner, who is now a ram breeder, merely studies the general character of his sheep and their defects in form, tardiness in laying on flesh or want of quality. He seeks for rams calculated to remove the general defects noticeable, but if he appreciates the value of good blood, accentuated and transmitted pure from ewes as well as rams of good lineage, he will endeavor to get some of the least costly rams of an old, well reputed flock rather than buy sheep superior in form, but lacking pure blood concentration. Owners of higher class flocks must of necessity seek stock rams from those of purest blood lineage.

His Apology.

Once two gentlemen attended a temperance meeting and, on returning home by a dark and narrow lane, were thrown out of their conveyance. The incident was reported in the local paper and the account closed with the words, "Fortunately, both men were sober."

The editor received an angry letter from one of the gentlemen concerned, with a request for an apology. He was equal to the occasion. "In our account of the unfortunate accident to Messrs. ——," wrote the editor, "we stated that fortunately both men were sober. It appears this statement has given great offense. We therefore beg to withdraw it."

The Bell.

It is not alone the composition which determines the quality of a bell; very much depends upon its shape. Moreover, the proportions between its height, width and thickness are all to be taken into consideration. The dimensions, roughly stated, which are deemed to be the best for large bells are one-fifteenth of the diameter in thickness and twelve times the thickness in height.

What's Your Face Worth?

Sometimes a fortune, but never, if you have a sallow complexion, a jaundiced look, moth patches and blotches on the skin—all signs of Liver Trouble. But Dr. King's New Life Pills give Clear Skin, Rosy Cheeks, Rich Complexion. Only 25 cents at R. R. BELLAMY's Drug Store. †

Imitations and Substitutes Are Dangers to You and Your Friends.

Paine's Celery Compound

Is What You Need for the Banishment of Your Troubles.

"See that you make no mistake or take no false step when you begin efforts to regain lost health. At this particular time, care and vigilance will add greatly to your success.

Your case demands the use of the best medicine that science has produced. The acknowledged triumph of medical skill is Paine's Celery Compound, the only sure and permanent cure for all nervous diseases, dyspepsia, insomnia, rheumatism, neuralgia, liver and kidney complaints, and blood diseases.

An error made at this time by the use of substitutes or imitations may lead to a complication of ailments fatal to life.

Tens of thousands in the land are throwing off the shackles of disease and suffering by the use of Paine's Celery Compound. Its powers and virtues will do the same good work for you, dear reader. No experimenting with Paine's Celery Compound; there can be no disappointment or failure to crush your hope.

See that you get the genuine Paine's Celery Compound with the name PAINE'S on wrappers and bottle; other celery concoctions are deceptions and frauds.

Ink 10 cts a Quart Diamond Dyes make the best inks.

Japs as They Meet.

Nothing is more amusing than to watch two acquaintances saluting in the streets of a Japanese town. As they come in sight of each other they slacken their pace and approach with downcast eyes and averted faces, as if neither was worthy of beholding the other, then they bow low so as to bring the face, still kept averted, on a level with the knees, on which the palms of the hands are pressed.

A succession of hissing sounds is next made by drawing in the breath between the closed teeth, interspersed with a series of complimentary phrases uttered with great volubility in a sort of undertoned falsetto, each trying to outdo his friend in the rapidity and extravagance of his language, while the palms are diligently rubbed against each other.—Penny Magazine.

The Tadpole.

Of course most people know that frogs and toads are evolved from tadpoles, but there are some very strange things about these batrachians that possibly you don't know. Because this changeling is so well known to nearly everybody it may be dismissed by saying that it is born with gills and lives entirely under water until it reaches the transformation period; then lungs appear in place of the gills, the tail drops off, legs sprout out and an animal fitted to live on land is the result.

WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT.

☛ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted

BAGGING—		
2 ℔ Jute	@	6¼
Standard	@	7½
Burlaps	6 @	6½
WESTERN SMOKED—		
Hams ₩ ℔	12½ @	14
Sides ₩ ℔	10 @	10½
Shoulders ₩ ℔	9 @	10½
DRY SALTED—		
Sides ₩ ℔	9½ @	9½
Shoulders ₩ ℔	9 @	9½
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—		
Second-hand, each	1 35 @	1 35
Second-hand machine	1 35 @	1 35
New New York, each	@	1 35
New City, each	@	1 35
BRICKS—		
Wilmington ₩ M	6 50 @	7 00
Northern	9 00 @	14 00
BUTTER—		
North Carolina ₩ ℔	15 @	18
Northern	22 @	28
CORN MEAL—		
Per bushel, in sacks	78 @	80
Virginia Meal	@	80
COTTON TIES—₩ bundle	1 25 @	1 30
CANDLES—₩ ℔—		
Sperm	18 @	25
Adamantine	8 @	11
COFFEE—₩ ℔—		
Laguyra	11 @	12½
Rio	8 @	10
DOMESTICS—		
Sheeting, 4-4, ₩ yard	@	5½
Yarns, ₩ bunch of 5 ℔s	@	0
FISH—		
Mackerel, No. 1, ₩ barrel	22 00 @	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ₩ half-bbl.	11 00 @	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ₩ barrel	16 00 @	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ₩ half-bbl.	8 00 @	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ₩ barrel	13 00 @	14 00
Mullets, ₩ barrel	3 25 @	3 75
Mullets, ₩ pork barrel	6 50 @	7 00
N. C. Roe Herring, ₩ keg	3 00 @	3 25
Dry Cod, ₩ ℔	6 @	10
" Extra	4 00 @	5 00
FLOUR—₩ ℔—		
Low grade	3 25 @	3 50
Choice	3 75 @	4 00
Straight	3 35 @	3 75
First Patent	5 00 @	5 25
GLUE—₩ ℔	8 @	10
GRAIN—₩ bushel—		
Corn, from store, bgs—White	83 @	85
Mixed Corn	@	82½
Oats, from store (mixed)	60 @	62½
Oats, Rust Proof	75 @	85
Cow Peas	@	1 25
HIDES—₩ ℔—		
Green salted	4 @	5
Dry flint	10 @	11
Dry salt	9 @	10
HAY ₩ 100 ℔s		
No 1 Timothy	95 @	1 00
Rice Straw	@	60
N. C. Crop	75 @	80
HOOP IRON, ₩ ℔	2½ @	3
CHEESE—₩ ℔—		
Northern Factory	12½ @	14
Dairy Cream	12 @	13½
Half cream	10 @	12½
LARD, ₩ ℔—		
Northern	8½ @	12½
North Carolina	10 @	12½
LIME, ₩ barrel	1 10 @	1 25
PORK, ₩ barrel—		
City Mess	@	18 50
Rump	@	18 50
Prime	@	18 00
ROPE, ₩ ℔	11 @	22
SALT, ₩ sack, Alum	@	1 25
Liverpool	@	90
American	@	90
On 125 ₩ Sacks	50 @	60
SUGAR, ₩ ℔—Standard Gran'd	@	5 00
Standard A	@	4½
White Extra C	4½ @	4½
Extra C, Golden	@	4½
C Yellow	@	4
LUMBER (city sawed) ₩ M ft—		
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00 @	20 00
Rough edge Plank	15 00 @	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00 @	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00 @	22 00
Scantling and Board, com'n	14 00 @	15 00
MOLASSES ₩ gallon—		
Barbadoes, in hogshead	@	28
Barbadoes, in barrels	@	28
Porto Rico, in hogsheads	29 @	31
Porto Rico, in barrels	29 @	33
Sugar House, in hogsheads	12 @	14
Sugar House, in barrels	14 @	15
Syrup, in barrels	17 @	27
NAILS, ₩ keg, Cut, 60d basis	2 35 @	2 45
SOAP, ₩ ℔—Northern	3½ @	4
STAVES, ₩ M—W. O. barrel	6 00 @	14 00
R. O. Hogshead	@	10 00
TIMBER, ₩ M feet—Shipping	8 00 @	9 00
Common mill	4 00 @	5 00
Fair mill	5 00 @	6 50
Prime mill	6 50 @	7 50
Extra mill	8 00 @	8 50
SHINGLES, N.C. Cypress sawed		
₩ M 6x24 heart	6 25 @	7 00
" Sap	5 50 @	6 00
5x20, Heart	3 50 @	4 00
" Sap	2 50 @	3 00
WHISKEY, ₩ gallon, Northern	1 00 @	2 10

For Whooping Cough use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.

For sale by Hardin's Palace Pharmacy.

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET

[Quoted officially at the closing of the Produce Exchange.]

STAR OFFICE, March 11.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Nothing doing.

ROSIN—Nothing doing.

TAR—Market firm at $1.20 per barrel of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Market steady at $1.35 per barrel for hard, $2.50 for dip, and —— for virgin.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine nothing doing; rosin nothing doing; tar firm at $1.15; crude turpentine steady at $1.30 @2.30.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits turpentine	8
Rosin	151
Tar	217
Crude turpentine	7

Receipts same day last year—25 casks spirits turpentine, 277 barrels rosin, 211 barrels tar, 7 barrels crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market firm on a basis of 8⅝c per pound for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	6¼	cts ₩ ℔
Good ordinary	7¾	" "
Low middling	8⅜	" "
Middling	8⅝	" "
Good middling	8 13-16	" "

Same day last year, market firm at 8⅝c for middling.

Receipts—229 bales; same day last year, 72.

[Corrected Regularly by Wilmington Produce Commission Merchants, prices representing those paid for produce consigned to Commission Merchants.]

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina, firm. Prime, 70c; extra prime, 75c; fancy, 80c, per bushel of twenty-eight pounds Virginia—Prime, 60c; extra prime, 65c; fancy, 70c. Spanish, 70@75c.

CORN—Firm; 78@80c per bushel for white.

N. C. BACON—Steady; hams 14@15c per pound; shoulders, 12½@13c; sides, 12½@13c.

EGGS—Firm at 18c per dozen.

CHICKENS—Firm. Grown, 20@25c; springs, 10@18c.

TURKEYS—Dressed, firm at 12@14c; live, 10@11c.

BEESWAX—Firm at 26c.

TALLOW—Firm at 5½@6½c per pound.

SWEET POTATOES—Firm at 70@75c per bushel.

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

NEW YORK, March 11.—Money on call was quoted at 3@3¾ per cent, closing, bid and asked, at 3@3½ per cent. Sterling exchange was steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at 487¾ for demand and at 485 for sixty days. The posted rates were 486 and 488½. Commercial bills 484½@485½. Bar silver 54¾. Mexican dollars 43¾. Government bonds steady. State bonds were inactive, Railroad bonds irregular. U. S. refunding 2's, registered, 109; U. S. refunding 2's, coupon, 109½; U. S. 3's, registered, 109¼; do. coupon, 109¼. U. S. 4's, new registered, 139¼; do. coupon 139⅜; U. S. 4's, old reg'd, 111½; do. coupon, 112¼; U. S. 5's registered, 106½; do. coupon, 106½; Southern Railway, 5's, 121; Stocks: Baltimore & Ohio 104; Chesapeake & Ohio 45⅜; Manhattan L 128¼; New York Central 161½; Reading 52½; do. 1st preferred 79½; do. 2nd preferred 64½; St. Paul 163¼; do. pref'd, 189½; Southern Railway 32¼; do. pref'd 95; Amalgamated Copper 68½; Am'n Tobacco —; People's Gas 101; Sugar 127⅜; Tennessee Coal and Iron 67⅞; U. S. Leather 11½; do. pref'd, 81⅞; Western Union 90½; U. S. Steel 41⅞; do. preferred 93½; Mexican National 20½; American Locomotive 31⅞; do. preferred 92¼; Standard Oil 638@642. Virginia-Carolina Chemical Co., 65¼; do. preferred, 125½.

BALTIMORE, March 11—Seaboard Air Line, common, 24¼; do. preferred, 45 @45½; do. 4s 84⅜@84⅞.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, March 11.—Rosin firm. Spirits turpentine firm.

CHARLESTON, March 11.—Spirits turpentine unchanged. Rosin unchanged.

SAVANNAH, March 11.—Spirits turpentine firm at 43c; receipts 179 casks; sales 60 casks; exports 250 casks. Rosin steady; receipts 2,061 barrels; sales 126 barrels; exports 1,999 barrels. Quote: A, B, C, D, $1 30; E, $1 35; F, $1 40; G, $1 45; H, $1 50; I, $1 75; K $2 45; M, $2 85; N, $3 25; W G, $3 60; W W, $3 85.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

NEW YORK, March 11.—The cotton market opened firm, with prices two to five points higher on active general buying, brought on by failure on Liverpool's part to fully respond to the heaviness here of yesterday. Moreover, the trade here had made some reckoning on a serious decline under the bad South African news, but to which English traders seemed to attach little importance so far as its effect upon cotton and cotton goods were concerned. Following the call Liverpool continued to work higher, and prices in the local ring improved apace, the belief being that weak long cotton had been pretty thoroughly shaken out and that bull support was once more at hand. Houston estimated small receipts for to-morrow and Southern spot market news was bullish. But after rising to 8.80 for May and to 8.86 for July, fresh liquidation set in and bear pressure became a feature. A large estimate for to-morrow's New Orleans receipts and fear of stop orders being reached, caused room longs and shorts alike to take the selling side. Before a rally occurred May broke to 8.72 and July to 8.76. For the rest of the session the market was very feverish, at times stiffening on demand from shorts to secure profits, but later weakening again under pressure of long cotton. The close was barely steady with prices four points lower to one point higher. Total sales were estimated at 250,000 bales.

NEW YORK, March 11.—Cotton dull at 9⅛c; net receipts 366 bales; gross receipts 7,277 bales; stock, no report.

Spot cotton closed dull; middling uplands 9⅛c; middling gulf 9⅜c; sales 1,815 bales.

Cotton futures closed barely steady: March 8 87, April 8 87, May 8 73, June 8 75, July 8.77, August 8 60, September 8.30, October 8.10, November 8 01; December 8 01.

Total to-day—Net receipts 23,006 bales; exports to Great Britain 3,705 bales; exports to France 419 bales; exports to the Continent 771 bales; stock 734 509 bales.

Consolidated—Net receipts 69,542 bales; exports to Great Britain 17,432 bales; exports to France 10,584 bales; exports to the Continent 41,511 bales.

Total since September 1st.—Net receipts 6,650,343 bales; exports to Great Britain 2,581,836 bales; exports to France 628,565 bales; exports to the Continent 2,099,276 bales.

March 11.—Galveston, quiet at 8⅝c, net receipts 5,688 bales; Norfolk, steady at 8⅝c, net receipts 778 bales; Baltimore, nominal at 9⅛c, net receipts 708 bales; Boston, quiet at 9⅛c, net receipts 214 bales; Wilmington, firm at 8⅝c, net receipts 229 bales; Philadelphia, steady at 9⅜c, net receipts — bales; Savannah, steady at 8⅜c, net receipts 3,661 bales; New Orleans, quiet at 8⅝, net receipts 10,381 bales; Mobile steady at 8⅝c, net receipts 143 bales; Memphis, steady at 8⅝c, net receipts 617 bales; Augusta, quiet at 9 13-16c, net receipts 804 bales; Charleston, firm at 8⅝c, net receipts 838 bales.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, March 11.—Flour was quiet but steadily held at former prices. Wheat—Spot easier; No 2 red 86⅝c. Options closed weak at ⅛c net decline. Sales included: March closed 82¼c; May closed 82⅜c; July closed 83⅜c; September 81¾c. Corn—Spot steady; No. 2, 69¼c. Options closed steady at ¼@⅛c net advance: Sales—May closed 67⅜c; July closed 66⅜c; September 65⅜c. Oats—Spot firmer; No 2 52c. Options were stronger West and firm here on the government report Lard steady; Western steam $9 70@9 75; refined steady; continent $9 85; South American $10 50; compound 7⅞@8c Cheese strong; State full cream, small early made fancy colored 12½@12¾c; white 12½@12¾. Pork steady. Butter firm; creamery 22@27c; State dairy 20@26c. Rice steady. Eggs were firm and active; State and Pennsylvania 17c; Southern at mark 16¾c. Potatoes quiet: New York, fair to prime, sack, $2 15@2 25; Jersey sweets, barrel, $3 50@4 25 Cabbage easy; State, barrel crate $1 12@1 25. Peanuts steady; fancy hand picked 4⅝c; other domestic 3@4⅛c. Freights to Liverpool—Cotton by steam 12⅛c Coffee—Spot Rio dull; No. 7 invoice 5⅝c; mild dull; Cordova 8@12c. Sugar—Raw steady; fair refining 2⅞c; centrifugal 96 test, 3⅜c; refined dull Cotton seed oil was more active and firmer at a slight advance. Closing prices: Prime crude, f. o. b. mills 33@34c; prime summer yellow 41½@42c; off summer yellow 40½@42c; prime white 43½@44½c; prime winter yellow 44@45c; prime meal $28 00, nominal.

CHICAGO, Feb. 11.—There was an early short lived spasm of strength as a result of the bullish effect the government report had last night on the curb, but rains in the Southwest depressed wheat and other pits lost much of the gains sympathetically. At the close May wheat had lost ⅛@¼c, May corn had gained ⅛@¼c, and May oats was ¼c higher. Provisions closed 2½ to 10c higher.

CHICAGO, March 11.—Cash prices: Flour steady. Wheat—No. 2 —; No. 3 spring 72@76c; No. 2 red 83⅛c. Corn—No. 2 —c; No. 2 yellow —. Oats—No. 2 44⅜@45c; No. 2 white 46⅛c; No. 3 white 44⅜@45⅜c. Rye—No. 2 58@58⅛c Mess pork, per barrel, $15 15@15 20. Lard, per 100 lbs., $9 27½@9 30. Short rib sides, loose, $8 30@8 50. Dry salted shoulders, boxed, $7 12½@7 25. Short clear sides, boxed, $8 60@8 70 Whiskey—Basis of high wines, 1.30.

The leading futures ranged as follows—opening, highest, lowest and closing: Wheat—No. 2 May 77⅞@78¼, 77¼, 77¼, 76⅛@76⅜c; July 77⅛@77⅜, 77¼, 76⅛@76⅜, 77c; September 76⅞@77⅛, 77⅜, 76½, 76⅛@76⅜c. Corn—No. 2, May 62⅛@62⅛, 62⅛@62⅜, 61⅛@61⅜, 62c; July 61⅝@62⅛, 62⅜, 61⅝, 61⅝@61⅞c; September 60⅜, 60⅜, 59⅜, 59⅝c. Oats—May 44⅝, 44⅝, 44⅜, 44⅜c July 35⅛@35⅜ 35⅜@35⅞, 35⅛, 35⅜c; September 30⅛@30⅜, 30⅜, 30⅜, 30⅜@30⅜c. Mess pork, per bbl—May $15 22½, 15 37½, 15 20, 15 35; July $15 42½, 15 50, 15 40, 15 50. Lard, per 100 lbs—May $9 40, 9 42½, 9 37½, 9 40; July $9 50, 9 52½, 9 47½, 9 52½; September $9 62½, 9 65, 9 62½, 9 65. Short ribs, per 100 lbs—May $8 37½, 8 40, 8 35, 8 40; July $8 50, 8 52½, 8 47½, 8 50; September $8 60, 8 62½, 8 60, 8 62½.

FOREIGN MARKET

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LIVERPOOL, March 11.—Cotton: Spot quiet, prices in buyers' favor; American middling 4 25-32d The sales of the day were 6,000 bales, of which 500 bales were for speculation and export and included 5,400 bales American. Receipts 21,000 bales, including 20,600 bales American.

Futures opened easier and closed quiet; American middling (g. o. c.) March 4 45-64d buyer; March and April 4 45-64d@4 46-64d buyer; April and May 4 45-64@4 46-64d seller; May and June 4 46-64d buyer; June and July 4 46-64d buyer; July and August 4 46-64d buyer; August and September 4 41-64@4 42-64d buyer; September and October 4 32-64d seller; October and November 4 27-64@4 28-64d buyer.

MARINE.

ARRIVED.

Clyde steamship Geo W Clyde, Staples, New York, H G Smallbones.

Stmr A J Johnson, Robinson, Clear Run, W J Meredith.

Stmr A P Hurt, Robeson, Fayetteville, James Madden.

CLEARED.

Clyde steamship Geo W Clyde, Staples, Georgetown, H G Smallbones.

Stmr A J Johnson, Robinson, Clear Run, W J Meredith.

Stmr A P Hurt, Robeson, Fayetteville, James Madden.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in the Port of Wilmington, N. C., March 12

STEAMSHIPS.

Vlug, (Dutch) 876 tons, Eliasen, Heide & Co.

SCHOONERS.

Harold J McCarty, 297 tons, Foster, George Harriss, Son & Co.

James W, (Br) 150 tons, Murchison, George Harriss, Son & Co.

Evolution, (Br) 173 tons, Boudrot, George Harriss, Son & Co.

Benefit, (Br) 229 tons, Faulkner, George Harriss, Son & Co.

Wm F Campbell, 169 tons, Strout, J T Riley & Co.

Alma, 164 tons, Small, George Harriss, Son & Co.

Segwin, 333 tons, Cole, George Harriss, Son & Co.

Mary L Crosby, —— tons, Trimm, (in distress).

BARQUES.

Olive Thurlow, 577 tons, Hays, George Harriss, Son & Co.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

W. & W. Railroad—60 bales cotton, 4 barrels tar, 2 barrels crude turpentine.

W. C. & A. Railroad—168 bales cotton, 2 casks spirits turpentine, 31 barrels tar, 5 barrels crude turpentine.

C. C. Railroad—44 barrels tar.

A. & Y. Railroad—49 barrels rosin.

Steamer A. P. Hurt—1 bale cotton, 2 casks spirits turpentine, 119 barrels rosin, 53 barrels tar.

Schooner Argyle—4 casks spirits turpentine 32 barrels rosin, 36 barrels tar.

Total—229 bales cotton, 8 casks spirits turpentine, 151 barrels rosin, 217 barrels tar, 7 barrels crude turpentine.

— Are we slowly but surely approaching an eggless Easter.—*Boston Post.*

PUZZLE PICTURE.

FIND ANIMAL THE LADY'S CAPE IS TAKEN FROM.

COAL AND WOOD!

WE ARE NOW OFFERING

THE BEST QUALITY AND THE CLEANEST COAL ON THE MARKET FIRST CLASS

Blackjack, Split Oak, Ash, Pine and Lightwood.

Our Wood we Guarantee

To be perfectly DRY, regardless of weather.

Prices, Weights and Measures Guaranteed.

Give us a trial order and judge for yourself.

The Coal, Cement and Supply Co.,

214 South Front Street.

BELL 'PHONE 645. INTERSTATE 72.

nov 24 tf

FOR LADIES

We have permission from the factory to sell the Celebrated $3 Line of La France Oxfords at $2.50 and $2.75.

The styles are beautiful, made in ideal Patent Kids, &c. This is to introduce this celebrated line of Shoes in the city of Wilmington Our first shipment has just arrived. Come early and get your size. This is the place.

LEVI McMILLAN & CO.,

Fourth and Campbell Streets.

mar 11 tf

FRENCH'S SHOES ARE THE BEST SHOES!

So everybody says, and what everybody says must be true.

We want you and your family to give us a fair trial, and you will be among the many to vouch for the same.

Our $3.00 Men's Shoes

Are the best on earth for the money. Come see.

GEO. R. FRENCH & SONS.

feb 25 tf

SEASONABLE GOODS

MULLETS, new catch.
Best Cream Cheese.
Martin's Gilt Edge Butter,
Bagging and Ties.
SALT.

A GENERAL LINE OF CASH GOODS DEMAND AT THIS SEASON.

Sole agents for

ROB ROY FLOUR.

McNAIR & PEARSALL.

apr

COFFEE.

Several grades which we offer to the trade at prices to suit the times. We also carry

Flour, Sugar, Cakes,

Candy, Cheese, Canned Goods of all kinds.

Snuff, Starch, Tobacco, Salt, Shot, Nails, Tea, Meal and Mullets.

Give us a call and see what we can do.

Williams Bros.

mar 8 tf

THE CLIMAX.

The Climax Barber Shop, as its name indicates, has reached the highest point of style and excellence. Give us a trial and you will receive polite attention and high class workmanship.

GUION & DAVIS,
dec 4 tf 7 South Front St.

New Goods.

Bagging and Ties,
New Mullets,

FIRST PAT. FLOUR,

2ND PAT. FLOUR, STRAIGHT FLOUR, SUGAR, COFFEE, RICE, MEAL, GRITS, MOLASSES WHEAT BRAN, CANNED GOODS, SOAP, LYE, STARCH, SALT, &c.

Send me your orders.
Special attention given to consignments.

S. P. McNAIR.

an 25 tf

Sandy Run Poultry Yards

W. D. HARRILL & CO., Prop.,

ELLENBORO, N. C.

Eggs for sale from prize winners of the following varieties:

Black Minorcas, Light Brahmas, Black Langshans, Buff, Brown and White Leghorns. Buff Plymouth Rocks, Partridge Wyandottes, R. I. Reds and S. S. Hamburgs. Won at High Point, N. C., every first prize competed for but two; won at Charleston, S. C., four first, second and third on ten entries.

Eggs—Leghorns, Plymouth Rocks, R. I. Reds and S. S. Hamburgs $1 50 for 15; Partridge Wyandottes $3 00 for 15; Langshans, Minorcas and Brahmas $2 00 for 15

Write your wants or order from this advertisement. We will do you right. feb 26 tf

JUST STOCKED.

A very large line of Hair, Tooth and Nail Brushes, all shapes, color and prices. Possibly the best assortment in the city; any way sufficiently large from which to make a satisfactory selection at

HARDIN'S

Palace Pharmacy,

126 South Front Street.

P. S.—Fresh supply Smallpox Vaccine just received at Hardin's Pharmacy. mar 9 tf

THE GREENSBORO FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES.

Announce That They Will Disregard the Recent 25 Per Cent. Advance in Rates. The Advance in Rates Considered Unwise and Unnecessary.

The managers of the Greensboro Fire Insurance Companies have authorized the following statement in reference to the recent 25 per cent. advance in rates:

"When the recent 25 per cent. advance in rates was ordered by the South Eastern Tariff Association we thought there would be nothing for us to do, but fall in line and exact the advanced rates, but after very careful consideration, we have concluded to adopt a different course.

"It will be remembered that the present very efficient insurance law in North Carolina was enacted in 1899, and that during that year in anticipation of the benefits which the insurance companies expected to derive from the investigation of incendiary fires by the insurance commissioner, as provided for by law a reduction in rates on preferred risks was made in North Carolina of about 25 per cent. During the year 1899, 1900 and 1901 the fire record of North Carolina has been exceptional and the insurance business in North Carolina has been unusually profitable to the insurance companies. During the two years prior to the enactment of our present insurance laws, the companies received in premiums from North Carolina $1,846,189.00, and paid out in losses 1,108,416.00, making an average loss ratio for the two years of over 60 per cent. For the two years following the establishment of the office of Insurance Commissioner the Companies received in premiums $2,500,934 00, and paid out in losses $1,071,814, making a loss ratio for the two years of less than 43 per cent. or to be more exact, the loss ratio for 1899 was 42½ per cent. and for 1900 was 43 per cent. The figures for the year 1900 have not been published as yet, but all underwriters will concede that, while some companies have suffered more than others, the fire record as a whole for the last year was, perhaps, the most favorable in the history of the business in North Carolina, and will probably bring the ratio for the three years down to less than 40 per cent. Placing the average expense ratio at 35 per cent., the usual allowance, the official records of North Carolina show that the aggregate underwriting profit to the insurance companies from this State during the last three years was 75 per cent., or 25 per cent. per annum. We think we are safe in saying that no section of the entire country has shown a better fire record than North Carolina in these last three years under the new insurance law, and that not even the Pacific Coast, which has been exempt from the advance in rates on account of its low loss ratio, will show so good a record.

"What we propose to do for North Carolina is precisely what the insurance managers have done for the Pacific Coast, and for precisely the same reason.

"The Insurance Commissioner of North Carolina has been laboring patiently to secure better underwriting conditions, and is continually extending the usefulness of his department. A few days ago one of our local agents in one of the smaller out of the way towns advised us that one of the town officers had recently made a house to house inspection, examining particularly into the construction of flues, arrangement of stove pipes, etc., and this was done in response to a notice sent out from the insurance department.

"Such being the present status of the insurance business in North Carolina, it seems to us the height of folly to disturb it. If the State of North Carolina was entitled to a 25 per cent. reduction in rates for having enacted a wholesome insurance law, she is entitled by every consideration of right and fairness to be exempt from a 25 per cent. increase in rates, after the great value of such legislation to the insurance companies has been demonstrated in the fullest manner; if generous legislation warranted the South Eastern Tariff Association three years ago in reducing rates, then the splendid record of those three years warrant us ten fold more in refusing to charge the 25 per cent. advance.

"A few days ago we outlined a plan for bringing these facts to the attention of the South Eastern Tariff Association, in the hope of securing a reconsideration of the order advancing the rates in North Carolina, but we were advised by the manager of another North Carolina company who had already applied to the Association to exempt North Carolina from the increase, that the Tariff Association had answered that they were powerless to take any action in the matter, and finding such to be the situation, after weighing the facts and the consequences and after consultation with our directors, we have concluded to exercise the right of protest, in the only way that is left open to us against an iniquity, by refusing to be made parties to it. We are reluctant to adopt a policy at variance with the concensus of underwriters and one inviting conflict, but our deliberate conviction is, that this advance in rates in North Carolina is unwarranted, unwise, and unnecessary, and we hereby authorize our agents to disregard the Association's order of 25 per cent. advance in rates and so long as the 25 per cent. advance in rates stands, to send their daily reports direct to us instead of to any stamping office, after giving such notice as may be incumbent on them.

"They are enjoined, however, to maintain with the utmost care the full tariff rates as they stood before the 25 per cent. advance was ordered.

"We began seven years ago to build up a fire insurance business in North Carolina, and during that period our average annual loss ratio has never exceeded 35 per cent. and for the seven years the average ratio was only 24½ per cent., and less than 50 per cent. of our business is preferred business. We therefore have no need of an advance in rates and cannot admit any obligation on our part to exact it merely because other companies are doing it. If we could stand a 25 per cent. reduction on preferred risks, the Association ought to be able to get along without a 25 per cent. advance on non-preferred risks.

"In conclusion we desire to pay our respects to the wisdom, the sagacity, the foresight of those who are responsible for this most untimely disturbance of most wholesome conditions in North Carolina. Just north of us and just south of us the insurance companies in their organized capacity have been driven out. The hand of the people and of the lawmakers has been raised against them, hated, suspected and outlawed. But they have fared well at the hands of the people of North Carolina. The Legislature of 1899 enacted one of the fairest, most liberal, and most progressive insurance laws that can be found on the statute books of the country. The last Legislature endeavored to still further perfect what its predecessor had done by extending the duties and powers of the Insurance Commissioner and other officials, looking to the prevention of accidental fires and to the punishment of those that are fraudulent, and repealed the Craig law largely because it had been found to work a hardship to foreign insurance companies. And more than this, if these same beneficiaries of our present State laws maintain a degree of sanity in their dealings with the people of the State, it is a most reasonable presumption that the next legislature will still further improve its system of fire prevention which the insurance commissioner is surely and patiently evolving, a system that means more to the permanent betterment of underwriting in North Carolina than all the rate advances that can be piled on. But if this advance in rates stands, all that has been accomplished for the general good of the business in the last three years, and much that the future promises, has been swept away; it is without excuse, it is unrighteous, it is a flagrant folly, and being these things invites retaliation from the people, that is as sure to come as the judgment.

"The step we are taking is perhaps a grave one; but we believe that the future of the insurance business of North Carolina is at stake, we believe that what we need in North Carolina for the permanent good of the business, is not high rates, imposed without consideration, and breeding irritation and retaliation, but the thing we need above all things, is to still further reduce the loss by fire by fostering the protection we already have under the law, and by winning from the people through fair dealings and appreciative reciprocity even far better things, and we have a faith that there is no informed, unbiased underwriter who will not endorse this position.

Sumatra Marriage Rules.

In Sumatra marriage customs are somewhat quaint, but on the whole things are arranged very comfortably for the women. For instance, the husband settles a marriage portion on his wife before the nuptials are celebrated, and, though he may subsequently get a separation from her, he can neither alienate this portion nor touch any of the property she may have brought into the marriage contract.

Husbands and wives live in separate houses, the former visiting the latter every evening. If there are children, the boys only live with their mother until their fourth birthday, when they take up residence with their father. The girls remain with their mother until they marry, which they do at an early age, when they remove to a small house close to the maternal dwelling.

When a woman becomes a widow, she plants a flagstaff at her door from which a flag flies. That flag is of no little importance in the widow's fate, for so long as it remains untorn by the winds she is compelled by etiquette to remain unmarried. When the first little rent in the flag appears, and it may be most minute, she is free to accept the first suitor who offers.

Saves Two From Death.

"Our little daughter had an almost fatal attack of whooping cough and bronchitis," writes Mrs. W. K. Haviland, of Armonk, N.Y., "but when all other remedies failed, we saved her life with Dr. King's New Discovery. Our niece, who had Consumption in an advanced stage, also used this wonderful medicine and to-day she is perfectly well." Desperate throat and lung diseases yield to Dr. King's New Discovery as to no other medicine on earth. Infallible for Coughs and Colds. 50c. and $1 00 bottles guaranteed by R. R. BELLAMY. Trial bottles free.

Maxton Building and Loan Association,

MAXTON N. C

DIRECTORS:

J. D. CROOM, MAXTON.
ED. MCRAE, MAXTON.
A. J. MCKINNON, MAXTON.
G. B. PATTERSON, MAXTON.
J. B. WEATHERLY, MAXTON.
W. H. BERNARD, WILMINGTON.
M. G. MCKENZIE, MAXTON.

Initiation fee, 25 cents per share.
Subscriptions to stock payable in weekly instalments of 25 cents per share.
The management is prudent and economical as is shown by the fact that the Association has sustained no losses, and its annual expenses, including taxes, are only about Two Hundred Dollars. J. D. CROOM President

QUINA-LAROCHE'S Invigorating Tonic.

Containing

Peruvian Bark and Pure Catalan Wine.

Endorsed by the Medical Profession of the World as the Best Tonic for Convalescents from Yellow Fever, Typhoid Fever and All Malarial Troubles; it increases the Appetite, strengthens the Nerves and builds up the entire system.

Paris: 22 Rue Drouot.
New York: E. Fougera & Co., 20-30 N. William St.

LAROCHE

Grand National Prize.

16,600 Francs at Paris.

jan 1 tf we

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH

PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine.
SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co. Mention this paper. Madison Square, PHILA., PA.

For Asthma use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.

For sale by Hardin's Palace Pharmacy.

Woman's Debt to Cardui

Wharton, Texas, January 31, 1901.

Before I began taking Wine of Cardui and Thedford's Black-Draught I had almost given up the idea of trying to get relief from my trouble. My menses did not last more than two days and I had cramps in the lower part of my stomach and my limbs ached. My eyes and nostrils became sore. But now since taking Wine of Cardui and Thedford's Black-Draught I passed this month without a pain and ran the whole time. I feel like a new woman. I advise all suffering women to take Wine of Cardui. I owe my health to your wonderful "Woman's Relief".

Mrs. A. D. PAIGE.

Why will any woman hesitate to take Wine of Cardui with Mrs. Paige's plain, honest story before her?

WINE OF CARDUI

regulates the menses perfectly and cures all the distressing ills that are caused by the irregular flow. There is no excuse for any reader of this paper submitting to days of suffering every month. Do you think Mrs. Paige would let her trouble run another day again, now that she knows what it is to be well and strong? You will be like another woman in a short time if you secure a bottle of Wine of Cardui from your druggist today and take it according to directions. Mrs. Paige is only one among thousands of women who have secured relief from Wine of Cardui. It cures leucorrhœa, falling of the womb, and every kind of "female trouble." Try it!

For advice and literature, address, giving symptoms, "The Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Company, Chattanooga, Tenn.

PRUDENT ADVERTISERS SHOULD NOTE THESE FACTS.

THE MORNING STAR

—IS THE—

OLDEST DAILY NEWSPAPER IN NORTH CAROLINA.

AND NEVER SINCE ITS FIRST ISSUE HAS THERE BEEN ANY CHANGE OF NAME, PROPRIETORSHIP OR EDITORIAL MANAGEMENT.

IT GUARANTEES A MUCH LARGER REGULAR, BONA FIDE CIRCULATION THAN ANY OTHER DAILY NEWSPAPER PUBLISHED IN WILMINGTON. This claim has never been challenged by any competing newspaper.

For rates and sample copies, address

WM. H. BERNARD,
Editor and Proprietor,
Wilmington, N. C.

Extra Car Load of

Horses and Mules.

Having associated myself with

W. C. HALEY & SON,

of Nashville, Tenn., who deals extensively in their own State as well as in the South. Consequently we are in position to sell wholesale or retail, for cash or on time, with approved security.

J. C. BLACKLEY,
208 and 210 Market Street.

mar 9 tf

Statement of the Wilmington Savings & Trust Co.

At close of business, February 25th, 1902, condensed from report to Corporation Commission.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Furniture and Fixtures	1.00	Capital	$ 25,000.00
Burglar Proof Safety Deposit Boxes	1.00	Interest reserve—accrued interest due depositors	8,000 00
Real estate	1,900 00	Profits—less expenses and taxes paid	43 194 84
Loans	804,366.87	Deposits	779,540 16
Cash on hand and in banks	49,25.1.13		
	$855,720.00		$855,720.00

J. W. NORWOOD, President. H. WALTERS, Vice President.
C. E. TAYLOR, Jr., Cashier.

DIRECTORS.

H. WALTERS, J. W. NORWOOD, DONALD MACRAE, N. B. RANKIN, GEO. R. FRENCH D. O'CONNOR, H. L. VOLLERS.

Comparative Statement.

	February 26th, 1901.	February 25th, 1902
Deposits	$ 681,97 75	779 540 16
Rel profits	31,464 83	43,18 84
Depositors' interest reserve	6,500 00	8,000 00

mar 4

SOLD NEWSPAPERS.

You Can Buy Old Newspapers in Quantities to Suit, at the STAR OFFICE

Suitable for Wrapping Paper and Excellent for Placing Under Carpet

Early Rose Seed Potatoes

Seed Oats, Seed Wheat, Salt, Molasses,

Bagging and Ties.

Lime, Cement, Nails, Grain and Hay.

A general line of Groceries of best quality and fair prices.

The Worth Company.

jun 19 tf

COSMO'S PICTURES.

The art of the world reproduced at small cost.

10 Pictures, small sizes, for 25 cents.
4 Pictures, larger size, for 25 cents.

The Cosmo Pictures, both sizes, serve admirably for home and school decorations.

Picture Frames.

We make all styles of Picture Frames from Gilt, Silver, Black or Oak Mouldings. Mat board, passepartout binding, Tube Paste, Glue, etc.

C. W. YATES & CO.

mar 2 tf

THE SUN

ALONE

CONTAINS BOTH.

Daily, by mail, - - $6 a year
Daily and Sunday, by mail, $8 a year

THE SUNDAY SUN

IS THE GREATEST SUNDAY NEWSPAPER IN THE WORLD.

Price 5c a copy. By mail, $2 a year

Address THE SUN, New York.

jan 31 tf

Atlantic Coast Line R. R. Co

Schedule in Effect Dec. 22, 1901.

NORTH BOUND.

DEPARTURES FROM WILMINGTON—NORTH BOUND.

DAILY 9.30 A. M. — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 11.56 A. M., Warsaw 11.51 A. M., Goldsboro 12.21 P. M., Wilson 1.19 P. M., Rocky Mount 1.53 P. M., Tarboro 2.21 P. M., Weldon 4.35 P. M., Petersburg 6.46 P. M., Richmond 7.45 P. M., Norfolk 5.50 P. M., Washington 11.40 P. M., Baltimore 1.28 A. M., Philadelphia 4.05 A. M., New York 7.13 A. M., †Boston 9.00 P. M.

DAILY 7.00 P. M. — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 5.31 P. M., Warsaw 6.40 P. M., Goldsboro 7.27 P. M., Wilson 10.30 P. M., †Tarboro 9.34 A. M., Rocky Mount 11.33 P. M., Weldon 1.37 A. M., †Norfolk 1.00 P. M., Petersburg 3.1 A. M., Richmond 8.57 A. M., Washington 7.30 A. M., Baltimore 9.03 A. M., Philadelphia 11.13 A. M., New York 1.43 P. M., Boston 9.00 P. M.

DAILY except Sunday 2.24 P. M. — No. 59—Passenger—Due Jacksonville 4.13 P. M., Newbern 5.40 P. M.

SOUTH BOUND.

DAILY except Sunday 6.00 A. M. — No. 51—Due Lake Waccamaw 7.10 A. M., Chadbourn, 7.41 A. M., Marion 8.47 A. M., Florence 9.25 A. M., Lanes 11.20 A. M., Charleston 1 10 P. M.

DAILY 2.45 P. M. — No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.58 P. M., Chadbourn 5.30 P. M., Marion 6.40 P. M., Florence 7.05 P. M., Sumter 9 15 P. M., Columbia 10.40 P. M., Denmark 6.14A. M., Augusta 6.10 A. M., Macon 11.15 A. M., Atlanta 12.35 P. M., Charleston 11.15 P. M., Savannah 3.00 A. M., Jacksonville 8.30 A. M., St. Augustine 10.50 A. M., Tampa 10.00 P. M.

WEST BOUND.

DAILY 9.10 A. M. — No. 53—Passenger—Due Fayetteville 12.30 P.M., leaves Fayetteville 12.40 P. M., arrives Sanford 1.55 P. M.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 6.00 P. M. — No. 49—Passenger—Leave Boston 12.30 P. M., New York *9.30 P. M., Philadelphia 12.30 A. M., Baltimore 2.55 A. M., Washington 4.30 A. M., Richmond 9.05 A. M., Petersburg 9.45 A. M., Norfolk 8.00 A. M., Weldon 11.50 A. M., Tarboro 12.32 P. M. Rocky Mount 12.59 P. M., Wilson 2.40 P. M., Goldsboro 3.15 P. M., Warsaw 4.10 P. M., Magnolia 4.35 P. M.

DAILY 10.10 A. M. — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 9.25 A. M., Philadelphia 12.03 P. M., Baltimore 2.16 P. M., Washington 3.45 P. M., Richmond 7.23 P. M., Petersburg 7.19 P. M., **Norfolk 4.00 P. M., Weldon 9.48 P. M., **Tarboro 7.32 P. M., Rocky Mount 8.45 A. M., Leave Wilson 6.06 A. M., Goldsboro 7.51 A. M., Warsaw 8.34 A. M., Magnolia 8.57 A. M.

DAILY except Sunday 10.15 P. M. — No. 83—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9.00 A. M., Jacksonville 10.35 A. M.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY except Sunday 11.30 P. M. — No. 50—Leave Charleston 4.20 P. M., Lanes 6.06 P. M., Florence 8.15 P. M., Marion 8.54 P. M., Chadbourn 9.53 P. M., Lake Waccamaw 10.21 P. M.

DAILY 3.40 P. M. — No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 2.40 P. M., Sanford 5.10 P. M., Jacksonville 8.30 P. M., Savannah 1.30 A. M., Charleston 6.45 A. M., Atlanta 7.30 A. M., Macon 12.00 M., Augusta 2.20 P. M., Denmark 4.25 P. M., Columbia 8.05 A. M., Sumter 8.29 P. M., Florence 10.10 A. M., Marion 10.53 A. M., Chadbourn 11.55 A. M., Lake Waccamaw 12.39 A. M.

[LEAST BOUND.]

DAILY 7.15 P. M. — No. 52—Passenger—Leave Sanford 3.05 P. M., arrive Fayetteville 4.20 P. M., leave Fayetteville 4.30 P. M.

Bennettsville Branch—Train leaves Bennettsville 7.10 A. M. Marion 9.05 A. M., Red Springs 9.32 A. M., Parkton 10.05 A. M., arrive Fayetteville 11.10 A. M. Returning leaves Fayetteville 4.40 P. M., Hope Mills 5.00 P. M., Red Springs 5.43 P. M., Maxton 6.16 P. M., arrives Bennettsville 7.15 P. M.

Connections at Fayetteville with No. 78, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore Railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line and Southern Railway, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad.

Train between Rocky Mount and Richmond leaves Rocky Mount 7.15 A. M., arrive Weldon 8.17 A. M., arrive Petersburg 10.18 A. M., arrives Richmond 11.10 A. M.

Trains on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 5.15 P. M., Halifax 5.59 P. M., arrive Scotland Neck 6.10 P. M., Greenville 6.47 P. M., Kinston 6.45 P. M. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.30 A. M., Greenville 8.32 A. M.; arriving Halifax at 11.06 A. M., Weldon 11.20 A. M., Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.00 A. M. and 3.45 P. M., arrive Parmele 8.55 A. M. and 4.10 P. M.; returning leaves Parmele 11.10 A. M. and 5.22 P. M.; arrives Washington 12.30 A. M and 6.15 P. M. Daily except Sunday

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 4.35 P. M.; Sunday, 4.35 P. M.; arrives Plymouth 6.35 P. M. and 6.30 P. M. Returning leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7.30 A. M. and Sunday 9.00 A. M.; arrive Tarboro 9.55 A. M. and 11.00 A. M.

Trains leave Goldsboro daily except Sunday 5.50 A. M., arriving Smithfield 6.10 A. M. Returning leaves Smithfield 7.00 A. M., arrives at Goldsboro 8.25 A. M.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 9.30 A. M., 4.00 P. M.; arrives Nashville 10.30 A. M., 4.23 P. M., Spring Hope 11.25 A. M., 4.45 P. M. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 11.30 A. M., 5.18 P. M., Nashville 11.45 A. M., 5.40 P. M., arrives at Rocky Mount 12.10 A. M. 6.30 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leaves Warsaw for Clinton, daily, except Sunday, 11.40 A. M. and 4.15 P. M. Returning, leaves Clinton 5.45 A. M. and 2.50 P. M.

Train leaves Pee Dee 10.13 A. M., arrive Latta 10.46 A. M., Dillon 10.58 A. M., Rowland 11.15 A. M. Returning, leaves Rowland 6.10 P. M.; arrives Dillon 6.31 P. M., Latta 6.44 P. M., Pee Dee 7.06 P. M., daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Chadbourn 12.01 P. M.; arrive Conway 2.20 P. M.; returning leave Conway 2.55 P. M. arrive Chadbourn 5.00 P. M. leave Chadbourn 5.25 P. M., arrive Kirod 8.10 A. M., returning leave Kirod 8.40 A. M., arrive Chadbourn 11.25 A. M. Daily except Sunday

Trains leave Sumter 6.20 P. M., Manning 6.56 P. M.; arrive Lane's 7.40 P. M.; leave Lane's 8.30 A. M., Manning 9.02 A. M.; arrive Sumter 9.40 A. M. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lane's 8.40 A. M., 47.00 P. M.; arrive Georgetown 10 A. M., 48.30 P. M.; leave Georgetown 6.30 A. M., 4.15 P. M.; arrive Lane's 8.00 A. M., 45.25 P. M.

Trains leave Florence daily except Sunday at 10.08 A. M.; arrive Darlington 10.30 A. M., Hartsville 2.55 P. M., Cheraw 11.45 A. M., Wadesboro 12.50 P. M.; leave Florence daily except Sunday at 8.00 P.M.; arrive Darlington 8.25 P. M., Bennettsville 9.30 P. M., Gibson 10.30 P. M. Leave Florence Sunday only 10.05 A. M., arrive Darlington 10.30 A. M.

Leave Gibson daily except Sunday at 5.05 A. M. Bennettsville 7.25 A. M.; arrive Darlington 8.15 A. M. Leave Darlington 8.50 A. M.; arrive Florence 9.15 A. M. Leave Wadesboro daily except Sunday 4.10 P. M., Cheraw 5.15 P. M., Hartsville 7.25 A. M., Darlington 6.29 P. M.; arrive Florence 7.00 P. M. Leave Darlington 8.50 A. M., arrive Florence 9.15 A. M.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 1.50 P. M., 11.10 P. M., arrive Selma 3.45 P. M. 11.59 P. M. Smithfield 3.03 P. M., Dunn 3.40 P. M. Fayetteville 4.20 P. M., 1 10 A. M., Rowland 6.10 P. M., returning leave Rowland 11.15 A. M., Fayetteville 12.35 P. M., 10.07 P. M., Dunn 1.24 P. M., Smithfield 2.03 P. M. Selma 2.10 P. M., 11.25 P. M., arrive Wilson 3.57 P. M., 12.07 A. M.

Trains leave Sumter 4.28 A. M., Creston 5.17 A. M., arrive Denmark 6.14 A. M. Returning leave Denmark 4.25 P. M., Creston 5.36 P. M., Sumter 6.19 P. M. Daily.

†Daily except Sunday. *Sunday only.

H. M. EMERSON, Gen'l Passenger Agent.

J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.
dec 22 tf

Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad

Time Table No. 16.

To Take Effect Sunday, Oct. 21, 1900, at 12.01 A. M.

GOING EAST. Pass'g'r Trains Arrive	Pass'g'r Trains Leave	STATIONS	GOING WEST. Pass'g'r Trains Arrive	Pass'g'r Trains Leave
P. M.	P. M.	Goldsboro	A. M.	A. M.
.....	4 33	Kinston	10 19	.....
5 40	5 50	Newbern	9 07	9 00
7 05	7 07	Morehead City	7 37	7 27
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.

Train 4 connects with W. & W. train bound North, leaving Goldsboro at 11.25 A. M., and with Southern Railway train West, leaving Goldsboro 2.00 P. M., and with W. & N. at Newbern for Wilmington and intermediate points.

Train 3 connects with Southern Railway train arriving at Goldsboro 5.00 P. M., and with W. & W. train from the North at 4.06 P. M. No. 1 train also connects with W. & N. for Wilmington and intermediate points.

oct 23 tf S. L. DILL, Sup't

The Contest IS NOW ON.

Enter Into It at Once.

The person bringing us the largest amount of trade during the days from March 1st to May 1st will take the choice of three (3) nice presents exhibited in our Window. The next highest will take next choice, and the third highest will get the third and last choice. All are worth working for.

BEST SHOES for the least money at

Mercer & Evans Co.

Try Them. Same Old Place.

mar 1 tf

WILMINGTON SEACOAST R. R.

On and after Monday, September 23rd, 1901 the schedule on the Wilmington Seacoast Railroad will be as follows:

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Leave Wilmington.	Leave Wrightsville.
2 30 P. M.	8 15 A. M.
6 30 P. M.	5 15 P. M.

SUNDAY TRAIN.

Leave Wilmington.	Leave Wrightsville.
2 30 P. M.	5 15 P. M.
6 30 P. M.	

Freight must be prepaid and will be carried on the 2.30 P. M. train only.

sep 22 tf S. G. GRANT, Superintendent.

FOR RENT,

Dwellings, Stores, Offices, &c.

an 22 tf D. O'CONNOR.

The Clyde Steamship Co.

New York, Wilmington, N. C., and Georgetown, S. C., Lines.

From New York for Wilmington.

GEO. W. CLYDE..... Saturday, March 8
ONEIDA..... .....Saturday, March 15

From Wilmington for New York.

ONEIDA..... Saturday, March 8
GEO. W. CLYDE..... Saturday, March 15

From Wilmington for Georgetown.

ONEIDA..... .....Tuesday, March 4
GEO. W. CLYDE..... .....Tuesday, March 11

Steamers do not carry passengers.

Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For Freight apply to
H. G. SMALLBONES, Sup't.
Wilmington, N. C.
THEO. G. EGER, General Manager.
19 State street, New York
mar 2 tf

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, MARCH 12.

REINFORCEMENTS TO BE SENT LORD KITCHENER.

Rumors of Another Fight Also Favorable to the Boers—Lord Rosebery's Views as to the Disaster.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, March 11.—Expressions of steadfastness have to-day succeeded those of humiliation which were universally heard here yesterday on the publication of the news of General Methuen's disaster. There is little disposition to minimize the incident, but everywhere is heard the detrmination to maintain the tradition that blows serve to strengthen and stiffen British resolution. Lord Roseberry struck the popular note to-day in a speech before the Glasgow students. He admitted that it was heart breaking after all the expenditure of life, time and money, but he added:

"It will not dishearten us. We have got to see this thing through. We must take the blows which fortune deals us with equanimity, showing ourselves worthy of better fortune."

Lord Roseberry expressed the hope that more prosperous times were in store, and that in the future "it would be our proud memory that when our country passed through the storm we did not for a moment flinch and were not for an instant dismayed."

Reports from the continent that the defeat of General Methuen was followed up by another fight, also favorable to the Boers, occasioned some anxiety, owing to the absence of news from General Grenfell's column of 1,300 men which left Klerksdorp to join General Methuen. It is thought that, possibly, General Delarey may have attacked Grenfell.

The war secretary, Mr. Brodrick, when asked in the House of Commons to-day what steps had been taken in view of the success of the Boers against General Methuen to send Lord Kitchener reinforcements, said 6,000 yeomanry would be immediately embarked, with large drafts of cavalry and infantry. Lord Kitchener would be given all the assistance he asked for.

GAYNOR AND GREENE.

Two Men Wanted in Savannah, Found in Quebec—Efforts for Extradition.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

QUEBEC, March 11.—Col. John F. Gaynor, who with his wife and his partner, D. B. Greene, is stopping at the Chateau Frontiac, in this city, said to an Associated Press reporter to-day that he and Mr. Greene are not here in hiding from the United States court at Savannah, Ga. Asked if they intended returning to the United States, Col Gaynor replied that they might return on the 17th.

WASHINGTON, March 11.—The officials of the Department of Justice will make every effort to secure the extradition from Canada of Gaynor and Greene, who are charged with complicity in the Savannah frauds for which Oberlin M. Carter was sent to the penitentiary. The officials are looking up the law and the treaty bearing on the subject, and as soon as this is completed they will ask the State Department to take steps to secure the extradition of the men.

VIRGINIA-CAROLINA CHEMICAL.

Conference of Officials of the Company. Report Excellent Trade Conditions.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, March 11.—Officials of the Virginia-Carolina Chemical Company were in conference to-day with leading financial interests of the company. The purpose of the conference was not disclosed, but it was declared that there had been no discussion of the rumors of a probable consolidation with the American Cotton Oil or kindred companies. The management report excellent trade conditions and declare that earnings for the last three months show a marked increase and predict net earnings of at least $3,000,000 for the fiscal year ending June 15, next. There will be another conference to-morrow, following which a formal statement as to the company's operations may be issued.

CHINESE EXCLUSION LAW.

Chinese Government Presents Strong Memorial Against Its Re-enactment.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

PEKIN, March 11.—The Chinese government has presented to the United States minister, a strong memorial against the re-enactment of the Chinese exclusion law by the United States.

The government here particularly objects to the exclusion of Chinese from the Philippine and Hawaiian islands, representing that the Chinese had acquired extensive commercial interests there and were closely connected with the islands by family ties, so that repression of free intercourse would result in peculiar hardships.

VIRGINIA COAL FIELDS.

An Outbreak Feared On Account of Demands of Labor Agitators.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ROANOKE, VA., March 11.—A special from Bristol, Tenn., says: A party of men armed with Winchester rifles left Bristol this afternoon for the southwest Virginia coal fields where an outbreak is feared on account of the demands of union labor agitators. The prospects for a general strike have been on the increase for ten days and the mine operators have been curtailing orders for commisary supplies on account of the situation. Mine officials believe the presence of armed men may prevent an outbreak.

Alvin Colvin Williams, colored, was hanged yesterday at Aberdeen, Miss., for the murder of Marcus Kingsley.

Job Couldn't Have Stood It

If he'd had Itching Piles. They're terribly annoying; but Bucklen's Arnica Salve will cure the worst case of piles on earth. It has cured thousands For Injuries, Pains or Bodily Eruptions it's the best salve in the world. Price 25c. a box. Cure guaranteed. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY. †

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

BURLESON ATTACKS SECRETARY HAY.

Declared the State Department Was Saturated With Pro-British Spirit.

FEATURE OF HOUSE DEBATE.

Postoffice Appropriation Bill Was Under Consideration, But Members Devoted Themselves to Everything Except Bill Before the House.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, March 11.—The House to-day entered upon the consideration of the Postoffice Appropriation bill, but as usual during the general debate on an appropriation bill, the members who spoke devoted themselves to everything except the bill before the House. Earlier in the day Mr. Thayer, of Massachusetts, attempted to take advantage of the division among the Republicans on the subject of reciprocity by bringing forward a resolution to investigate the reports that the Sugar Trust would be the chief beneficiary of Cuban reciprocity, that it was subsidizing newspapers, establishing literary bureaus and in other ways attempting to create public sentiment in favor of Cuban reciprocity.

A point of order against the resolution was sustained by the Speaker. Mr. Thayer appealed from the decision and his appeal was laid on the table—135 to 87—the Republicans voting solidly in the affirmative, while two Democrats, Messrs Fleming, Georgia, and McClellan, New York, voted with the Republicans.

The feature of the day was a speech by Mr. Burleson, attacking Secretary Hay for declining to request the British authorities to furnish passports to go through the British lines to Rev. Hiram M. Thomas and wife, who desire to go to South Africa to distribute Boer relief funds collected in Illinois. Mr. Hitt, of Illinois, chairman of the Foreign Affairs Committee, made a spirited reply to Mr. Burleson, charging the Texas member with attempting to pre-judge the case before the evidence was in.

Mr. Burleson sent to the clerk's desk and had read a letter from Mr. John O. Knight, who came to Washington to secure the passports for Dr. Thomas and wife. Mr. Knight, in the letter, stated that the funds were collected in response to an appeal by Governor Yates. He had gone to Secretary Hay, the letter said, with a letter from Senator Cullom, and the Secretary of State, according to the letter, had declined to make the request of Lord Pauncefote on the ground that such a request would be considered "meddlesome" and a "remissness of neutrality," and against the views of President Roosevelt.

If the facts stated in this letter were true, said Mr. Burleson, then the State Department was so "saturated with pro-British spirit that it could no longer respond to the common dictates of humanity when made in behalf of Boer women and children.

Mr. Burleson said that under date of March 4th another appeal had gone from Knight to Secretary Hay without eliciting a response. Mr. Burleson said his purpose in having these letters read was to fasten the attention of the American people upon the course of the State Department.

Mr. Hitt, Illinois, the chairman of the Foreign Affairs Committee, replied to Mr. Burleson with some display of heat. He asked whether he would have allowed a committee that existed in London in 1863 and which was in full sympathy with the Confederate cause, to go through the Union lines for the purpose of distributing relief.

International law must be observed, he said. The international Red Cross was organized for the purpose of carrying relief. Funds could be distributed through it or through our consuls, but not through those in sympathy with the enemy. Relief funds raised in this country had in fact been distributed through our consuls.

"But why should not the Secretary of State use his good offices to relieve the distress of the Boer women and children confined in concentration camps?" asked Mr. Burleson.

Mr. Hitt replied that according to Mr. Knight's letter the secretary had offered to help Rev. Dr. Thomas in every way in his power, but he manifestly could not do a ridiculous thing. The rules of international law upon the question were well established. Every old soldier of either army who had been in prison during the civil war understood the situation perfectly. Jefferson Davis would not have allowed Northern sympathizers to perambulate through Southern camps to distribute relief. The Secretary of State could not make a demand which on its face was contrary to all precedents. It would be a slap in the face of a foreign government. It had not been done in our war or any other war. Our government, he said in conclusion, should not put itself in conflict with another for the sake of making political capital.

WAR REVENUE TAXES.

Provision of the Bill Affecting Tobacco. A Number of Amendments Adopted by the Committee.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, March 11.—The Senate Committee on Finance did not complete the consideration of the war revenue repeal bill to-day. A number of amendments were adopted at to-day's meeting, but they deal almost entirely with the phraseology, and the opinion is still expressed by members of the committee that the effect of the bill when reported from the committee will be the same as was intended by the House.

One of the amendments agreed upon by the committee changes the provision of the bill affecting tobacco. As the bill passed the House it took no cognizance of the reduction of 20 per cent. made in the tobacco tax in the last session of Congress, the effect of which it is believed by members of the Finance Committee would be to reduce the tax to $4.80 per hundred, whereas, the intention was to place it at $6, the ante war rate. The Senate amendment corrects this error. The committee also discussed an amendment leaving intact the tax on bucket shops, but did not pass upon it.

The most general rain for one year is falling in Texas. Reports from north of Dallas show a heavy downpour, while there are light rains as far south as San Antonio. The rain was badly needed throughout the State and it will prove of incalculable value to crops and cattle ranges.

For Croup use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.

For sale by Hardin's Palace Pharmacy.

SHIP SUBSIDY STILL UNDER CONSIDERATION.

Strong Speech by Senator Mallory in Opposition to the Measure—Senator Frye Submitted Amendment.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, March 11.—For several hours to day the Senate had the Ship Subsidy bill under consideration. Senator Mallory, of Florida, made an extended speech in opposition to the measure. He analyzed the bill carefully and held that there was no good reason for its enactment into law, saying he believed it would not accomplish the result hoped for it by its promoters. His opposition was based chiefly on the ground that it would extend the favor of the United States treasury to private individuals and corporations without a just return for the expenditure.

Prior to consideration of the subsidy measure, a lively debate occurred over an effort on the part of Senator Berry, of Arkansas, to ascertain when the Committee on Privileges and Elections might be expected to report to the Senate the resolution providing for the election of Senators by direct vote of the people. Senator Hoar, of Massachusetts, indicated his vigorous opposition to such a resolution, on the ground that it would subvert the fundamental principle upon which the Senate was founded.

Senator Burrows, chairman of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, said the committee would take action on the resolution in time to get a vote on it at this session. A number of Senators discussed the subject.

Senator Mallory said in its ultimate analysis the Ship Subsidy bill was a measure to take the money of the taxpayers to build up the private business of individuals and corporations. Referring to Senator Frye's argument in support of the establishment of an auxiliary navy, for which the pending bill provides, he did not believe there was sufficient justification for the extraordinary expenditure proposed by the bill. In the event of a war between the United States and Great Britain, France, Germany, Russia or any other great maritime power, this country would find itself in a very different situation from that which it was in during the Spanish war. The proposed auxiliary cruisers would not be left to scour the seas because it was the policy of all the nations named now to build war vessels which could easily overtake any one of the ships which by the pending bill would become a part of the naval auxiliary fleet.

Senator Mallory contended that the proposition to give subsidies to great carrying vessels would accomplish little in aid of commerce, because a majority of the ports of this country and in South America were so shallow that vessels of a draft greater than twenty-three feet could not enter them.

After analyzing at length the provisions of the measure, Senator Mallory declared: "Congress never in its history passed a measure of this character. It has passed many laws to advance private gain under the pretence of public policy, but never one so absolutely bald and bold in its advancement of private purposes as this measure."

He felt humiliated, he said, every time he visited the water front of his city, in the fact that with the exception of schooners and coasting vessels, the American flag is never seen upon a mast in that harbor. He would go as far as any Senator to put the American merchant marine on a footing of equality with that of other nations, but he could not endorse a measure such as this which was so at variance with every principle of right and justice.

Senator Frye referred to the fact that it had been claimed that the clause in Section 6 of the Ship Subsidy bill, which directs payment to the owner or owners of any vessel of the United States "duly registered by a citizen of the United States," would place under the provisions of the bill the four ships that had been admitted to an American register. He therefore submitted an amendment which was adopted making the clause read "Hereafter built and registered in the United States or now duly registered."

THE GREAT STRIKE IN BOSTON

Large Additions to the Ranks of Strikers About 16,000 Men Now Idle—Business On the Docks Tied Up.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

BOSTON, MASS., March 11.—The second day of the great strike of organized labor against the demands of railroad and steamship companies that merchandise delivered at freight depots by the R. S. Brine Transportation Company be not discriminated against, found large additions to the ranks of the strikers. Nearly 6,000 union men were ordered out to-day bringing the grand total of idle men up to about 16,000, with the prospects of still greater increase to-morrow. One of the most important developments of the day was the ordering out of the longshoremen at the docks of the Philadelphia and Metropolitan Steamship Company, in consequence of which vessels of those lines were compelled to depart with only partial cargoes, while the wharves are partially filled with the freight which the men refused to handle. Other docks are in similar condition and business there is practically tied up.

The members of the general teamsters union, comprising 1,400 brick, sand, lime and cement teamsters, also went out this afternoon, which virtually ties up the building trades by depriving them of material with which to work.

A strong effort has been made to induce the Boston Central Labor Union, which is composed of ninety affiliated trades of all descriptions, to officially endorse the strike by ordering out all its members, and that body has the matter under consideration. The effect of such action would be to paralyze business of all kinds. The Central Labor Union has thus far taken no part in the fight.

Labor unions having a membership of over 6,000 men voted to-night to strike, and will to-morrow morning join the army of unemployed. The organizations include the coal teamsters' union, lumber teamsters, wool handlers, expressmen, longshoremen, the freight handlers and freight clerks employed by the Boston and Maine railroad and twenty five switchmen employed in the yards of the New York, New Haven and Hartford railroad. This will increase the number of strikers to between 20,000 and 25,000 men and practically tie up all the freight business of all railroads and steamship companies in the city. All the meetings to-night were largely attended and scarcely a trace of opposition to a strike was manifested at any of them.

Charles H. Hudspeth, the Richmond, Va., grain merchant, who disappeared from his home in that city last Thursday, but was subsequently located in Washington, D. C., has again disappeared. It is feared he has committed suicide, as he sent a letter to his wife indicating such an intention.

A SEVERE STORM STRUCK NEBRASKA

Fifty Buildings in the City of Omaha Were More or Less Damaged.

NO ONE SERIOUSLY INJURED.

A Dwelling House Picked Up and Scattered Over a Square of Ground—Methodist Church Torn to Pieces—Other Buildings Wrecked.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

OMAHA, NEB., March 11.—The heaviest wind, rain and hail storm in the history of the city visited Omaha and Douglas county, early to day. It struck Omaha near Monmouth Park, in the northern edge of the city, and moved northeast, the greatest severity being in the neighborhood of Thirty-third and Larimore. Although perhaps fifty buildings were more or less damaged, nobody was seriously injured. Persons who were caught in the storm had narrow escapes and Mrs. Amanda Geary, who lives at Thirty-third street and Grand avenue, probably escaped death by being absent from home. Her house was picked up and scattered over a square of ground, bits of the furniture being found in a neighboring field.

Telephone and electric wires in the path of the storm were strewn over the streets and a great number of poles were torn out.

Franklin school, one of the largest in the city, had to be abandoned temporarily. A large chimney was blown into the roof, which caved in and demolished the interior of several rooms. Small buildings were blown about and several barns were torn to pieces.

The Monmouth Park M. E Church was literally torn to pieces. Several green-houses were wrecked by the hail. Immanuel Hospital was badly damaged by a large chimney being blown through the roof. Nearly all the skylights were blown off the Coliseum building.

Several near-by towns in this county report the worst storm for years. It was particularly severe at Valley and Elkhorn, and at the latter place a Union Pacific train was struck by a falling coal chute and considerably damaged, although no one was injured.

At Florence, three miles north of the city, and where the city water works are located, the storm twisted several buildings from their foundations, but the water works plant was not affected.

In Central Park lightning struck several barns, and was one of the elements that contributed to the havoc in this city.

Storm in Texas.

HOUSTON, TEXAS, March 11.—A heavy rain prevails all over the State to-night, reports from the Pan-Handle and West Texas, being that the drought is relieved. In North Texas the fall ranges from 2 to 6 inches, while in South and East Texas the fall is nearly as good.

Two tornadoes have done damage in Dallas county, but wires are down and it is impossible to get details beyond the fact that two people are known to have been hurt, though not fatally. A Greenville school house was torn to pieces by cyclonic disturbances shortly after school was dismissed. Every one escaped with the exception of one little girl and she was not badly hurt. The rain is worth much to the State, as the dry weather was becoming a very serious matter.

NORFOLK STREET CAR STRIKE

The City Quiet—Cars Run On Schedule Time Without a Military Guard. Strikers Still Confident.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NORFOLK, VA., March 11.—The Board of Trade to-night adopted resolutions upholding the decision of the arbitration board in the street car strike and declaring that both parties to the difficulty should at once come to an agreement and call the strike off.

The strikers are still confident and in a statement issued to-night declare that there was a tacit understanding between their committee and the Chamber of Commerce that the oath of union men would be respected in the findings of the arbitration board, and they bring their letter accepting the board into evidence to substantiate their claims. The letter accepts the board under the conditions laid down by the strikers' committee in a conference with the chamber the day previous.

To-day the first point yielded since arbitration was decided upon, was made by the strikers in a letter to the street car officials in which they say: "We further agree that in cases of all men whom the Norfolk Railway and Light Company may prefer charges against, said charges must be proved to the satisfaction of a committee, one of whom shall be appointed by the Norfolk Railway and Light Company and these two to select a third to hear evidence. The decision of this committee shall be final."

All day long until darkness fell, the regular quota of cars was run on schedule time without a military guard. After dark the soldiers boarded the cars and stayed on them until 10 o'clock, when they stopped running. The city is quiet to-night and it is thought that the military may be withdrawn to-morrow.

PRINCE HENRY OF PRUSSIA.

Sailed Yesterday for Germany On Board the Steamer Deutschland—Pleasing Incidents of the Day.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, March 11.—Prince Henry of Prussia sailed for Germany on board the Hamburg American liner Deutschland this afternoon. His last day in America was spent entirely on board the Deutschland, but it was well filled with pleasing incidents.

The Prince breakfasted early and about 10 o'clock began to receive official farewell visits from the representatives of Germany in this country and those of the United States government. Mayor Low was also a caller, and the Prince, in bidding him farewell, gave him a hint that he had some intention of returning to America for a second visit. The Prince, in reply to the Mayor's expressions, said:

"I thank the citizens of New York for all their kindness to me, which I appreciate deeply. If I should return to America I should feel when I reached New York that I was once more at home."

The members of the party that accompanied the Prince on his tour were his guests at luncheon.

ANOTHER CONFERENCE OF HOUSE REPUBLICANS.

Representative Long Tells Them What They May Expect It Roosevelt's Demand for Cuban Reciprocity Is Denied.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, March 11.—About 130 members were present to-night at the fourth conference of House Republicans called to consider the question of Cuban reciprocity. Representative Long, of Kansas, a member of the Ways and Means Committee, opened with an exhaustive argument in favor of the twenty per cent. concession advocated by his colleagues of the Ways and Means Committee. He argued that the maintenance of a protective tariff was not involved in the proposition of the Ways and Means Committee, but that the policy of reciprocity was. "The defeat of this bill," said he, "means the Republican party has refused to follow the leadership of Blaine, of McKinley, and of Roosevelt, and it would mean that reciprocity was no longer a part of the Republican faith."

He insisted that the hearings before the Committee on Ways and Means showed conclusively that concessions made on Cuban sugar would not affect the price of sugar in this country, and that the beet sugar industry would not be injured. He espoused reciprocity with Cuba, he said, not only because it would be helpful to Cuba, but because he believed we would get an adequate return, and in support of that belief he instanced the result of the reciprocity with Cuba under the McKinley law.

Mr. Long contended that in addition to self-interest there was a moral obligation upon the United States to grant concession. He declared that when the commission of Cuba was prevailed upon to accept the Platt amendment, President McKinley assured them that in consideration of its acceptance he would do all in his power to secure economic concessions and said that the commission so reported to the Cuban convention.

In conclusion Mr. Long said: "If this legislation fails, and no concession be made to Cuba—if the policy of President McKinley and President Roosevelt be defeated by this House—it does not mean that the beet sugar industry, by the control of this House, can prevent free sugar from Cuba. After the establishment of the republic of Cuba, a treaty can be negotiated with that country by the President That treaty can provide for the annexation of Cuba, and that treaty can be submitted to the Senate and ratified. The moment that the ratifications are exchanged, under the decision of the Supreme Court in the Porto Rican case, we would have free trade with Cuba on all products. The House would be powerless to prevent it."

When Mr. Long finished speaking, Mr. Tayler, of Ohio, presented a protest against the plan of the Ways and Means Committee. It was in the nature of a manifesto, setting out the grounds on which their opposition was based, being largely an amplification of the contention that a reduction of the duty or Cuban reciprocity involved a relaxation of the protective principle. In lieu of the Tawney proposition for a rebate, Mr. Tayler offered a resolution declaring for adequate protection to the cane and beet sugar industries and the policy of reciprocity; favoring commercial agreements with Cuba in harmony with our national policy of protection and reciprocity; and "that no further action be taken respecting the proposition to reduce the tariff on Cuban products coming into this country."

The manifesto says in part:

"The Republican platform of 1896 condemned the Democratic party for not keeping faith with the American sugar growers; we seek not to merit for ourselves the same condemnation.

"The proposition to reduce the sugar tariff constitutes, in essence, an abandonment of protective principle. And this abandonment is most unhappy because applied to the pursuit of agriculture in the most conspicuous instance in which specific and manifest protection is given to the farmers, and at the moment when the sugar beet industry is not only in its infancy, but in an infancy so lusty and promising as to demonstrate the certainty of a rapid and prodigious growth. The American market for over $100,000,000 worth of sugar annually is rightfully the American farmer's. We shall encourage no policy which delays the time when he shall come into his own."

The manifesto declares the 20 per cent. reduction proposition to be a denial of Republican reciprocity, which is a corollary to the greater policy of protection.

William Alden Smith, of Michigan, made a rousing speech of over an hour against reciprocity. While announcing great admiration for the President, he insisted that there should be no executive interference with the legislative branch of the government. He also assailed the organization of the House for leading the party into disaster and paid his respects to some of the members of the Ways and Means Committee, who, he asserted, have changed their positions on the reciprocity question within a few weeks. As the evening advanced considerable bad blood was manifested. The opponents of reciprocity seemed confident of a majority and were anxious for a vote while the friends of reciprocity counseled against precipitate action. Mr. Cannon, of Illinois, made an appeal for harmony and strongly advised against hasty action. He said that the Sibley proposition would be satisfactory to him. He was followed by Mr. Dick, of Ohio, who favored abandonment of the reciprocity scheme.

NELLIE CROPSEY MURDER.

A True Bill Found by the Grand Jury Against James Wilcox.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C., March 11.—The grand jury of Pasquotank county to day found a true bill against James Wilcox, the young man in jail here charged with killing his sweetheart, Miss Nellie Cropsey, last November. The indictment charges that on the 20th day of November, 1901, Wilcox wilfully and with malice aforethought killed and murdered Eilen M. Cropsey. Wilcox was arraigned immediately after dinner and entered a plea of not guilty. The court drew a special venire of 250 jurors and then announced that the trial would begin at 2 o'clock Thursday afternoon. While in court Wilcox was very solemn and quiet. His face bore a haggard look. The large court room was crowded and excitement high.

Hon. Hannis Taylor of Mobile, Ala., lately United States minister to Spain, has been appointed by the attorney general special counsel for the government to aid in the defence of claims before the Spanish treaty claims commission.

The north bound Manassas accommodation train on the Southern Railway dashed into a number of coal cars just south of Manassas Junction. Weston Atkinson, the fireman, was killed and Thomas B. Rowan, the engineer, was seriously injured.

BOER DELEGATES TALK WITH THE PRESIDENT.

Declared That They Neither Asked for or Desired Intervention—What They Want is Civilized Warfare

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, March 11.—C H. Wessels, and A D W. Wolmarans, the Boer delegates in this country, had a talk with President Roosevelt to-day at the conclusion of the cabinet meeting. They called to pay their respects and to say good bye, as they will leave for Europe about the 20th instant after visiting Chicago and a number of other places.

In the course of their interview they stated that they desired to particularly make known to the President that they neither asked for, desired, or expected intervention on the part of this country or any other country. "A number of mistakes have been printed about our mission to this country since we came to Washington," said Mr. Wessels, "and the worst one is that we are trying to get intervention. We know that this is not possible, and as a matter of fact we don't want it. What we do want however, and what we have laid before the American government, is a request that civilized warfare be insured in South Africa. That is all we want now. We have not put before the authorities any request that this or other plan be adopted to insure the carrying out of the rules of civilized warfare, but we will leave that wholly to the government to take whatever steps it sees fit We want a fair and square fight.

"President Kruger is not seeking intervention in Europe and all stories of that kind may be denied whenever they are seen. The Boers have nothing to lose and all to gain by keeping up this fighting. They may call it guerilla warfare if they want to, but it is at least humane warfare."

CABINET MEETING.

Important Matters Considered — Cuban Tariff Situation—The Philippines.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, March 11.—The cabinet discussed at length to-day the Philippine legislation, and the necessity for preserving the "open door" features of our policy in the Philippines exactly as this goverment expects to have them preserved in China and through the East.

The Cuban tariff situation also was discussed. It is understood that the effort to secure reciprocity with Cuba is an administration measure; that President Roosevelt is carrying it out in pursuance not merely of the policy but of the promise of President McKinley and with the most hearty belief in it, as being morally called for; that this administrasion—like the administration the policy of which it is continuing—is pledged to the relief of Cuba.

WARM WIRELETS

Jake Gilmore, colored, received the death penalty at Ellisville, Miss., having been convicted of murdering his wife.

For a murder committed several years ago, Jim Troublefield, colored, was legally executed yesterday at Tunica, Miss.

Miss Alice Roosevelt and party accompanied by Senator Thomas C. Platt, sailed from Tampa, Fla. for Havana, Cuba, yesterday.

Senator Hanna was on the floor of the House yesterday and in talking to a group of Republicans, urged that the Cuban reciprocity plan be adopted.

The five story brick warehouse of the Brunswick Balke Collender Company, Chicago, was practically destroyed by fire last night. Loss $175,000, covered by insurance.

A man about 35 years of age, supposed to be J. K. Oliver, of Roanoke, Va., committed suicide in the Puritan Hotel, a Bowery lodging house, New York city. He killed himself by drinking carbolic acid.

Begged John's Pardon.

At the Old Bailey it was customary to sentence the whole of the prisoners found guilty at the sessions at one time. It fell to Baron Graham's lot to perform this duty, and he accordingly went over the list with due solemnity, but omitted one person brought up for sentence, Mr. John Jones. The judge was on the point of finishing the sentences when the officer reminded his lordship of the omission. Whereupon the judge said gravely, "Oh, I'm sure I beg John Jones' pardon," and then sentenced him to transportation for life.

Without a Ring.

A wedding without a ring seems incongruous, but in Cadiz, Spain, no ring is used. After the ceremony the bridegroom moves the flower in his bride's hair from left to right, for in various parts of Spain to wear a rose above your right ear is to proclaim yourself a wife. Thus the rose takes the place of the ring.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost or Found Wants, and other short Miscellaneous Advertisements inserted in this Department, in solid Nonpariel Type, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 30 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

Consumers of Wood will always find the best quality of all kinds and all lengths of Wood (Big Black Jack a specialty) at lowest prices at my wood yard, No. 12 South Water street, between Market and Dock. A trial will convince you. W. W. Koon, Bell 'Phone 719. feb 18 1m

Board—A few gentlemen can be accommodated with board, with or with out room, at 219 Red Cross street, corner Third. feb 9 tf

Notice—We have received another car load Jamaica Bananas, a great deal finer than the last one. Call and see them or send in your orders now. Will make shipments prompt and prices right J. K. Westbrook & Co., 208 and 210 Market street, Bell 'Phone 447 feb 4 tf

Second-Hand Organ just like new for sale cheap; also, party leaving town wants to sell fine Upright Piano at a bargain. Warerooms corner Front and Ann streets. feb 2 tf

Prof. Max Hirsch's Piano Tuning and Repairing first class. Satisfaction guaranteed. P. O. Box 389, or call Bell 'Phone 738 feb 2 tf

I Have removed to No. 215 Market street, where I shall keep a full line of country produce foreign fruits, candies, etc. Bell Phone 408; Interstate 229. A. S. Winstead. jan 1 tf

The Dixie Cafe—Most popular place in town for quick lunches, meals and everything to refresh the inner man. Tables always supplied with oysters and game. Orders sent anywhere in the city. S. F. Harmon, proprietor Princess street. dec 6 tf

The Best Seed Pays Largest Profits.

VAUGHN'S IMPROVED EARLY OHIO.

WHITE, BLISS, EARLY ROSE,

Seed Potatoes,

White and Rust Proof Oats. Get in your orders.

Dried and Evaporated Apples and a full line of Groceries and Provisions.

HALL & PEARSALL,

(INCORPORATED.)

jan 28 tf Wholesale Grocers.

WE COME TO SEE YOU

ONCE EVERY WEEK WITH OUR COLUMN BRIMMING FULL OF STORE TALK.

We have lots of new things this week.

We have just received 500 yards of new Wash Taffeta Silks in all the pretty spring shades at 75c per yard; 100 yards Black Taffeta, one yard wide, the very best quality, our special price $1.19; regular price $1.50. A line of fine Fancy Wash Shirt Waist Silks, standard 50c quality, our price 39c. Two thousand yards fine Batiste Cloth, in ten to twenty yard pieces, high grade 10c goods; my price 6¼c; 1,800 yards of Striped and Colored Dimities, regular 10c quality; our price 6c; 4,000 yards Merrimac's best Prints for waists—all colors—equal to Percale, 5c per yard.

Dress Goods—Our Dress Goods Department we claim is equally or better filled than any store in the city. We handle all the new desirable goods in all shades. We have about 38 pieces fancy Worsted that we are trying hard to sell. We sell them all the way from 10c to 25c—some of them less than half price. One lot of double fold Plaids for children's dresses that we sold for 10c, now 5c.

A lot of plaid black goods for Ladies' skirts—40 inches wide in all colors, special, at 12c a yard. Just received 300 pieces of white goods. We have the bookfold India Linen as low as 4½c. 5c, 8c and 10c.

Persian Lawn at 10c, 12½c, 15c and 25c. New Pique from 10c to 25c per yard. We have a full line of Dress Suitings, 54 inches wide, in all colors, that we are selling for 98c per yard. Broad cloths and Pan cloths.

Light weight Albatros for the Spring at 25c per yard.

A few words about Men's and Boys' Pants In this department we have a better stock than ever before. We have just received 150 pairs of men's high grade worsted Pants that are worth from $1.50 to $2.00 a pair, we will sell this week for $1.39.

A handsome line of worsted Pants from $2.00 to $5.00—at least 350 pair to select from.

In Boys' Pants, we have just received a new shipment from the factory. We have them at 20, 25 and 50c a pair.

Boys' Easter Suits. In this department we are well fitted up for the Spring trade. We have Boys' Suits as low as $1, $1.25 and $2. Our $2 suits are very pretty, all wool, high grade goods, double breasted.

We have a line of boy's Confirmation Suits, fine quality, at $3.50 per suit. In our Clothing Department, which is managed by Mr. W. H. Tankard, an efficient clothing salesman, we have lots of new and pretty things for our customers. We have about thirty-five Worsted suits that sold for $5, we will sell now for $3.50. We have a big line of suits that we sold for $5, $6, and $7, to close out now for $4.98. In the Men and Boy's clothing trade we work very hard to please, and guarantee everything we sell to be as represented.

Ladies ready-to-wear suits. We employ four professional seamstresses who make up our suits in the latest style, and we sell our suits for $3.50, $5, $6.50, $7 and $9. A beautiful broadcloth suit, handsomely made up with the newest style coat, seven gored flare skirt, made to measure and made to fit, for $9.50 special or $9 out of stock. Ladies Skirts. We have these in all styles and at all prices, from $1 up to $7.50. Our skirts are well made and well lined and sold cheap. If you are thinking of buying a skirt of any kind we can sell it to you cheaper than you can make it. Our head milliner, Miss Alma Brown, is now in the Northern markets picking out some good things for the Millinery Department. We have just received fifty pieces new Ribbon, No. 40, all silk, all colors, at 10c per yard.

We are still punching cards with cash purchases and giving away nice presents free.

For bargains in every department come to

Wilmington's Big Racket Store,

208 and 210 North Front Street,

GEO. O. GAYLORD,

mar 2 tf PROPRIETOR.

We Are Moving in Line With THE PROCESSION.

Our New Spring Goods Arriving Daily.

A Full Line of New and Fresh Spring Mattings.

Embroideries in Cambrics, Nainsooks

and Swiss, with Allovers and Beadings to match.

Our line of White Goods is full and complete, consisting of Cambrics, Long Cloth, English Nainsook, Irish Linen, Victoria Lawn, Persian Lawn, French Nainsook and Linen Cambrics.

I am sole Agent for The Butterick Paper Patterns.

American Lady Corsets. Her Majesty's Corsets,

A. D. Brown,

Dry Goods and Carpets.

No. 29 North Front Street, Wilmington, N. C.

jan 12 tf

THE INDEPENDENT ICE CO.

BEGS TO ANNOUNCE TO THE PUBLIC THAT ITS NEW FACTORY WILL

Begin making ICE to-morrow morning, March 3rd, and will have Ice on sale

by the latter part of the week when we will be prepared to name prices and enter into contracts.

Our plant is of the latest improved and modern in construction throughout, which will enable us to offer the people of Wilmington

Pure Crystal Ice of the highest grade at reasonsble prices.

All we expect is a fair return on our investment and on this basis we respectfully solicit business, promising courteous treatment and prompt deliveries at all times.

J. A. SPRINGER, President
WM. E. SPRINGER, Vice President.
L. H. SIMMONS, Manager.
DAN'L H. PENTON, Sec'y and Treas'r.

mar 9 tf

THIS WEEK

Extraordinary Inducements in

Embroideries and Laces,

FANCY WHITE FIGURES AND MADRAS.

Cannon Cloth 8c yard.

S. & B. SOLOMON,

mar 9 tf

Statement of the Condition of The Murchison National Bank

OF WILMINGTON, N. C.

At close of business, February. 25, 1902.

(Began business March 1, 1900.)

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and discounts	$ 541,338 84	Capital stock	$ 200,000 00
U. S. Bonds	250,000 00	Profits less expenses	45,790 39
Five per cent redemption fund	7,800 00	Circulation	156,950 00
Real Estate for Bank building	20,957 64	Deposits	680,994 84
Revenue stamps	121 60		
Cash on hand and in banks	312,445 63		
	$1,083,544 25		$1,083,544 25

We solicit your account. We can furnish you every accommodation consistent with safe banking. mch 2 tf